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H. F. BARBOUR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. DEVOTED TO HOME INTERESTS, LITERATURE, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE. $1.50 A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

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A QUEER FREAK OF NATURE.—Wm. Cotton brought to our office, from the Holt county (Mo.) *Press*, one of those strange monstrosities of nature. The baby in appearance resembles that of a well-developed pig, perfectly formed in every respect save that it has but one eye, located centrally in the center of its forehead, and directly above the eye there protrudes a proboscis or trunk about two inches in length, which seemed to have an opening through it, as if for breathing purposes. From appearance it must have been born alive, although when found by Mr. Cotton, with a litter of small pigs, it was dead.

De Convenance.

So glad you are here for the wedding!
I want you to see my trousseau,
I'm gave me *carte blanche* for the outfit—
'Tis all he need give me, you know.
'Tisn't every girl marries three millions,
And so he's as pleased as can be,
Here's the dress, dear—white satin, Worth's latest,
And the flounces and veil real point: see!

The girls are all dying with envy.
Last summer, at Newport, the way
They courted the man for his money
Was disgusting, I really must say.
Oh, Tiffany's keeping my diamonds—
I shouldn't feel safe with them here;
I think they will make a sensation,
No bride has had finer this year.

Of course we are going to Europe—
The state-rooms are taken and all;
How long we shall stay I don't know, but
I guess until late in the fall.
When we get back I'll give a grand party,
The house he is building up town
Will be something superb when it's finished.
I wish the man's name wasn't Brown.

In love with him? Jule, why you're joking:
He's fifty at least, if a day;
But then he is really in love, dear—
I'm sure I shall have my own way.
You know I was never romantic;
If he wants a pretty young wife,
Why, I don't object to be petted
And worshiped the rest of my life.

It's wicked to marry for money?—
Oh, yes, but who likes being poor?
Don't they say love flies out of the window
When poverty darkens the door?
I did come near falling in love once
With the handsomest fellow in town,
An artist, with nothing but talent—
My stars! how the *poter* did frown!

But now he's delighted. Three millions!
What well-brought-up girl dare refuse?
And the other girls' mothers are wishing
Their own daughters stood in my shoes.
There's my fiance now. See his horses!
Perhaps he does look rather grim.
And what of the handsome young artist?
Ah, well, we won't talk about him.

—*Harper's Bazar.*

MY COUSIN HORACE.

"She is a woman; that is enough to make me dislike her."

The words fell upon my ear, as I lay just waking from my afternoon nap, upon my sofa.

"Horace!"

My aunt's gentle voice uttered the word in a reproachful tone, and I knew that her son, whom we had been expecting home from his French trip for some days, had arrived.

"I did not mean to grieve you," mother," said the first voice; "I do love you, if you are a woman; but, oh! mother, if you only knew!"

"Know what, Horace?"

"I wrote to you about Amy—how I loved her—how gentle, true, and fair she seemed, and she made me believe I was the only one she loved."

"Well, Horace, you wrote that she had promised to be your wife next year."

"She was married to another one week before I left Paris, and she had deceived me. She loved him all the time, but they quarreled, and while they were estranged she met me. They met again—were reconciled; and I— Well, it is over!"

I sprang up from the sofa, ashamed of the part of eavesdropper I had been unintentionally playing, and hastened to dress for dinner. As I stood before the glass, I mentally drew a contrast between the Amy he had so often described in his letters, and the face before me. She had fair, light curls, blue eyes, and blonde complexion, with a fairy-like figure. I was tall, with a full figure, jetty hair and eyes, a gypsy complexion, and crimson roses on my cheeks.

Cousin Horace was tall, too—not very handsome, but manly and talented, with an erect, free carriage, flashing eyes, and a loud, ringing voice; all this I knew from his mother, for we had not met since we were children.

"So he has determined to hate me because I am a woman," I thought, as I braided the black hair, and looped it near my cheek. "Well, it won't break my heart, I dare say."

I came into the parlor with quiet self-possession and was introduced to my cousin. He started to find the little girl he remembered a tall woman, but I think felt relieved that I did not in any way resemble the lost Amy.

Coldly, distantly polite was his greeting; and mine matched it. We chatted on indifferent subjects till dinner time, and I took the earliest opportunity to retire, and leave the long-parted mother and son together.

We were in a pleasant country house on the banks of the Derwent, passing the summer; but we know none of the neighbors, and Horace and I were forced to become friends. We walked and rode together, but always chatted on general subjects, and with the formality of perfect strangers.

It was exceedingly tiresome. All my other cousins, when I had occasionally visited them, had treated me like a sister—and I enjoyed it; but this iceberg of a man talked, in his stately, composed way, as if we were entire strangers meeting in a crowded saloon. And yet—strange as it may seem—I looked forward with impatience to our walks or evening chats—longed, wished for them. My cousin was talented, and had traveled—but returning to profit idly of the wonders he had seen but to profit by them, and improve the great mind Heaven had given him.

He never referred to Amy, but sometimes, when speaking of his stay on the continent, a bitter smile would flit over his face, as if the reminiscences he spoke of were connected with others buried deep in his own breast.

One morning, while we were at breakfast, a van drove up, and from it was hoisted a large package containing a piano.

"Cousin," said Horace, "you were lamenting the absence of a piano last week. Will you use this one?"

The delight and gratitude I felt at his kind thoughtfulness were chilled, crushed, by the cold, business-like tone of his voice. I bowed, tried to speak, and finally ran up stairs and cried—I could not tell why. It was very kind for him to indulge me in my favorite pleasure, but he evidently hated me all the while—else why that chilling tone? It was a merely polite attention offered by a gentleman to a lady—nothing more.

"He has no heart, no feeling!" I thought, as I dried my eyes; but before night I changed my opinion.

We were seated in the parlor, with no light but that given by the moon as it poured in at the open windows, and I opened the piano. It had a fine deep tone, and after my fingers once started upon it I forgot everything else. Horace and my aunt were silent. I played for some time, when a deep, bitter sigh made me look up. Auntie was gone; my cousin sat upon the sofa, his head bowed down, and his face buried in the cushion.

"Are you ill?" I asked, crossing the room.

"No, no! But music—such music as yours recalls many things. You are a fine performer, Louisa; but that is nothing compared to the soul music you pour out. I could be a better man if I heard such often."

My heart bounded high at this, his first compliment.

"I love music," I said, gently.

"I love it, too! Cousin, I have sat for hours, listening to a harp played by"—

He paused; I knew what he meant, and, my heart full of sympathy, I softly laid my hand upon his head. The action, slight as it was, recalled him.

"It is getting late! I will close the piano, and then good-night, cousin."

Cold, distant, stately, the rose, letting my hand fall from his head, never heeding it.

I went up stairs. It was the drop too much in my cup, and humiliated by the thought that I had given my love unsought, uncared for, I passed the night in sleepless, tearful agony.

The next morning I resolved to return home, and was more determined by hearing one phrase which fell from Horace's lips just as I entered the breakfast room. It was: "Never, mother! I can never trust another woman!"

I turned from the room and went out into the air. I was choking, stifling. All unheeding where I strayed, I went on toward the bank of the river. I thought of the loving, kind attention toward his mother—his gentlemanly bearing to our few visitors—his kind, unostentatious benevolence to the poor with whom he came in contact—and I contrasted it with his cold indifference to myself, till I grew nearly frantic.

Then my thoughts turned to that silly girl whom he had loved—false, deceitful as she was—and I hated myself that I had no power to efface her image from his heart. I, dark and tall, disgusted him, whose her angel face rose before his mind's eye. I was handsome, and did not want admirers to tell me so. My heart full of bitterness and sorrow, I dashed on, hearing the ripples of the water kiss the bank below me; and sometimes looking down, half tempted to end my misery like Sappho.

I was standing, exhausted with my passionate haste, leaning against a tree, when a deep, manly voice called loudly: "Kate! Kate! where are you?"

I started, lost my balance, and fell down the bank. There was a rushing sound in my ears, and then I lost consciousness. I was lying on the sand when I recovered my senses. I felt strong arms around me as they were, too bewildered to open my eyes. I felt, too, hot tears dropping on my face; and I heard—oh, music!—a deep, rich voice, broken with sobs, saying: "Kate! darling! my own Kate, speak to me! Do not lie so still, like death! Kate!" and then: "Oh! she is dead! I shall never be happy now!"

I opened my eyes, and then, as of old, afraid to trust his own heart's choice, he started to draw back, but I clasped the hand that drew back.

"Horace?" I whispered, "love me—trust me."

Well, I can't write any more, because I am employed in twisting orange flowers into the most becoming shape for a wreath; and to-morrow my Cousin Horace becomes somebody else—to me!

A Female Detective.

A woman recently died in London whose career furnishes incident enough for half a dozen sensation novels. For several years she served the authorities of Scotland Yard as a detective. Placing herself in relation with the parish doctor she volunteered to nurse those families whose honesty was suspected by the authorities. As a nurse she disarmed all suspicion, and did not fail to take careful note of all she heard. Her manners were also apparently so loose and low that but little restraint was observed in her presence, and her reports forwarded to the Scotland Yard were thus rendered all the more valuable. While engaged in her duties, she extracted from her half unconscious and debilitated fever patients the confession of some dark deed, and hints as to the whereabouts of confederates in crime. Such was the general plan of action observed by this extraordinary woman; but this was rather a slow process, and at times it was necessary to fall at once upon the wrongdoer. On one occasion, for instance, the police received information that there was a gang of false money-makers in a certain street, but notwithstanding every effort they were unable to ascertain in which house the coiners worked. The services of the female detective were therefore requisitioned, and she was dispatched to the street in question to see what could be done. Feigning violent illness, she persuaded a child who issued from one of the suspected houses, to take her indoors for a moment. The sudden entrance thus obtained enabled the detective to hear the metalic sounds proceeding from the coiner's workshop before the latter were aware that any stranger was in the house. But they soon discovered their danger, and the chief of the gang, in his fury, hurled a ladle full of molten lead at her head. Fortunately the poke bonnet that she wore saved her life; the burns she received were not fatal, though they destroyed her hair and its roots. The police arrived in time, on hearing the alarm, to arrest eighteen coiners. After this, she disguised herself as a boy, and penetrated many a thieves' den. On one occasion she was discovered, and struck down with a blow which fractured her skull, before the police arrived to her aid. Still undaunted, with returning health she resumed her dangerous occupation, often engaging in hand to hand fights, and armed with the magic whistle, rattle, and number given her by the authorities, and which insured the assistance of every policeman, stranger or not, whose services she might find it necessary to call. Sickness at last subdued this turbulent spirit, and thieves need no longer fear the visits of the female detective.

A Victim of Kleptomania.

Miss Sarah Redmond, a fashionably dressed young woman who is known to her friends as being afflicted with kleptomania, pleaded guilty of stealing a seal skin sack and some articles of less value, from New York stores. She habitually stole all she could, and spent the proceeds in carriage rides. Her aim and pleasure seemed to be carriage riding. At the time of her arrest over seventy pawn tickets were found on her. The judge said, in passing sentence, that it was a duty he would gladly have avoided. He thought the case was one for a commission in lunacy rather than an indictment. He gave the lowest penalty the law allowed, one year. The prisoner broke down in tears as the sentence was pronounced.

"The Kurds," says an Asiatic dispatch, "are threatening the khan." The milk-khan, probably.

A REMARKABLE SHIPWRECK.

Loss of the City of San Francisco on the Mexican Coast.

The steamer City of San Francisco of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, left Panama on May 11th, at 4:30 A. M., with 137 passengers—forty-six cabin and ninety-one steerage—and her officers and crew. Her cargo was valued at three-quarters of a million dollars, consisting of silks, velvets, laces, etc. On Wednesday morning, May 16th, the day was bright and the atmosphere clear. At eighteen minutes past nine o'clock a pecullar, indescribable tremor was felt, the ship having struck against an unknown danger, cutting into the hull the length of sixty feet, causing the water to rush in with fearful velocity. The ship was then [illegible] from Turtle Shoals, and thirteen miles from the shore, the captain having known by observation her position at eight o'clock. The danger upon which she struck is not on any chart, but a document sworn to before the United States consul at Acapulco by one Perez, and witnessed by William Lund of the gun-boat Mexico, deposes that said Perez is perfectly acquainted with the rocks extending from Point Maldonado in a southwest direction, and the sharp pointer covered with four or five fathoms of water, extending in a nearly straight line southwest to a distance of twelve or fourteen miles from land, and that he fishes for turtles there frequently. The ship was at once turned toward the shore, gradually sinking. She had a full head of steam on when she grounded on the sand bank at 10:20 A. M. Fortunately, three compartments were still water tight. The captain and his officers were cool and preserved discipline on board. As soon as the ship struck orders were given to get the boats ready and put life preservers on, as the danger of sinking was most imminent. Soundings between the reef and sand bank showed five and a half, seven and a half, twenty, twenty-two fathoms and no bottom.

During the fearful interval, though the ship was evidently sinking, not a cry was heard from the passengers, and there was little confusion, although among the 137 passengers twenty were small children, and many were young men never before at sea. The boats were filled and started for the shore, the passengers not being allowed to take any baggage. The boats were all overturned in the surf, and the scene was one never to be forgotten. Kind Providence preserved every life and all were safe on the Mexican shore. Fortunately a stream of fresh water was found between the mountains where, with the stars for a covering and roots and branches of trees for mattresses, all slept. The captain at once sent one of the officers to Acapulco, eighty miles distant, but fortunately a boat fell in with the gun-boat Mexico, Capt. Solar, commanding, and, although under orders to get provisions for a besieged city, the inhabitants of which were starving, the captain at once steamed off to the relief of the shipwrecked passengers. They were all taken off safely, crowding the deck of the gunboat, and the next day they were transferred to the Pacific Mail steamer Cost Rica, Capt. Whiteherry. The commanding officers and crews of the United States ships Lackawanna and Pensacola acted most nobly, supplying the passengers with clothing from their private wardrobes. The United States ships took up subscriptions to a large amount for distribution among the women and children who were entirely destitute.

Capt. Waddell and his officers behaved splendidly, their conduct being brave, humane and unselfish. Capt. Waddell says seven steam pumps of 160 barrels of water per minute capacity were absolutely useless. The whole bottom is out of the steamer. The captain says he ran the steamer repeatedly over the same spot before, and can only conjecture that the late earthquake, which was made manifest on the coast by the tidal wave, may have uprooted a submarine rock. The ship was under way, and was going at the rate of eleven knots an hour when she struck. The captain was on the bridge an hour before the steamer struck, and timed everything by his watch. Twenty minutes after she struck the fires went out. In that twenty minutes she was running in shore under full head of steam. She ran for forty-two minutes, making a distance of nine or ten miles, and thus grounded in thirty feet of water on a sand bottom. Next morning about a foot of the stern was seen out of water. The whole body of the ship was submerged, and the mizzenmast gone. The baggage of the passengers, furniture, etc., were constantly floating ashore during the day. The money of the passengers in the purser's hands, the ship's money, and all the baggage were lost.

A Remedy for Mormonism.

The best solution of the Mormon problem yet proposed is that of dividing up Utah among the adjoining States and Territories. Two contiguous States, Nevada and Colorado, do not to-day contain a sufficient population to justify their admission. Nevada has not 60,000 people within her borders, and Colorado has less than 100,000. Territorially there is no reason why the eastern portion of Utah should not be annexed to Colorado, and the western to Nevada. In creating the original territory of Nevada a large slice was cut off from Utah, and another portion might now be added with advantage. Such an addition might prove advantageous in improving the politics of the State by introducing therein another element. And there is no doubt that the people of Nevada would take due care to punish polygamy within their borders. Colorado would be benefited by the annexation of a portion of eastern Utah, and the Territories of Idaho, Montana and Arizona could with advantage absorb the northern and southern portions.—*San Francisco Bulletin.*

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Practical Hints and Seasonable Suggestions.

A New York correspondent of the *Country Gentleman* in relation to the wintering of vines, and sorts for quickly covering trellises and arbors, says: "This spring even the more tender varieties have come out all right, and they have been left on the trellis just as they grew. Some of the hardier sorts are alive on the laterals and to the tip ends of the last year's growth. The Delaware, Creveling and Eumelan appear to have stood the winter best. All the Rogers grapes may be included in this list. The Rogers hybrids are also the most rampant growers I know of. One berry planted in 1868 bore a good crop last year, and yet made so great a length of wood that I measured one or two shoots. The longest single shoot of last year's growth was thirty-five feet and six inches, of which I cut off about twenty-five feet, leaving the remainder to fruit this year. Some Salem shoots grew twenty or more feet. For quickly covering an arbor or exposed wall, these varieties exceed all others I am acquainted with. The Salem is also very easily propagated, and a large proportion of two-eye cuttings, planted in the open ground, will make good roots by fall.

A daily ration of green food is actually necessary for laying hens. Vegetables, either cooked or raw, is much relished also, and serve in some measure to supply the place of green diet. Onions chopped fine and mixed with their food are exceedingly wholesome, and if not a cure, are certainly preventive of disease in many instances. Growing chicks are even more anxious for green food than laying hens. They crave it, and when necessary to be housed from it on account of inclement weather, it should be provided for them. There is no green food so wholesome for them as onion tops cut up fine.

Mr. William S. Marston, an East Andover farmer, has this spring been conducting a series of experiments for the purposes of ascertaining the exact cost of keeping a large family of swine, which he has wintered. Twenty-five pounds of shorts, which cost twenty-five cents, and an equal weight of corn meal costing the same sum, were purchased and have been fed to two hogs, the shorts to a breeding sow which weighed about three hundred pounds, and the meal to a boar weighing a little less. Both have been fed mixed with water, and the hogs had no other food for twelve days, that being the time which the twenty-five pounds lasted. The daily keep of the sow was, therefore, two pounds of shorts, and of the boar two pounds of meal, the cost of each being two cents; and upon this food Mr. Marston claims the hogs have more than held their own. Another farmer living in the same neighborhood has kept the past winter about thirty hogs, upon hay tea and meal at a daily cost of three cents for each hog. When a 300-pounder hog can be kept for two or three cents a day, pork ought to be cheap.—*Vermont Farmer.*

Recipes.

CANNED RHUBARB.—Cut fresh rhubarb into inch pieces, placing a layer in a large earthen dish, and sprinkle liberally with sugar. When you have filled the dish, or used up your rhubarb, turn a large dinner plate over it, place in the oven, and bake until done. Have your canning jars heated; fill at once, and screw on the covers, tightening them every half hour until they are absolutely air-tight.

CANNED STRAWBERRIES.—Place a piece of board in a wash boiler, and put water sufficient in it to come to the top of the jars; fill the jars with fresh strawberries, well sugared—any of the small sweet sorts; place in the boiler while the water is only tepid; do not let the jars touch one another; place the covers on loosely; let the water boil about them fifteen minutes, when move to the back of the range until the steam has passed off, when lift out the jars with a towel wrapped around your hand; wipe the neck of the jar dry, and screw down the tops, turning them every half hour until they are air-tight.

HOME-MADE VINEGAR.—One gallon molasses, seven gallons of rain water, half pint good yeast. This will be good vinegar in three or four weeks.

COLD MEATS.—Cut any sort of cold meat in thin slices and place in a baking dish; seasoning with salt, pepper and summer savory or thyme; add a little of the meat gravy and tomatoes to more than cover; thickening with bread or cracker crumbs; bake in the oven.

HOMINY PUFFINS.—Cook the hominy well; let it boil down pretty thick before using; add to one quart boiled hominy about half a cupful sweet milk, one egg, a little salt, and flour enough to fry and turn without running; only enough lard required in frying to prevent burning; too much milk and flour toughens them.

STRAWBERRY SHORT CAKE.—One quart of flour, sift in two teaspoonfuls sea foam, a little salt, one-fourth pound of butter, rubbed in, with milk enough to moisten properly; handle as little as possible; divide it in two parts and place it in two jelly pans; make it fit the pan by shoving down with the fingers; bake it quickly; then divide the top and bottom crust, without cutting; spread on plenty of butter; have strawberries washed and drained in a sieve; then crush them and make very sweet; spread plenty of berries between the top and bottom crusts; have some of the crushed and sweetened berries in a deep dish; and when the cake is cut and served, cover each piece with plenty of the crushed berries—like sauce.

While she sat in the twilight expecting her beloved, her hand wandered wistfully over the keys as she sang: "Somebody, somebody's waiting for thee." She was right. The old man with a new pair of uppers and a club was waiting for him, behind the front door.

A STIRRING ADVENTURE.

Death at the Bottom of a Well—Heroic Attempt at Rescue.

A gas-fitter and plumber named Thomas Flemming, went down into a well on the premises of Charles Sprague near Whitestone, L. I., to mend leaks in a pipe. The well was thirty-five feet deep. He took with him into the well a charcoal furnace to heat his soldering irons. When he had been engaged, perhaps half an hour, he complained to his assistant, who was working at the top of the well, of a sense of suffocation. A few minutes later he attempted to pull himself up, hand over hand. When within a foot or two of the top of the well his strength failed him, and while holding to the rope called to his assistant, a mere boy, to pull him up. This the boy had not strength enough to do, and he ran for assistance. Before he returned with Thomas Smith, Flemming had fallen to the bottom. Smith and the boy shouted to Flemming and lowered a rope for him to grasp, but he failed to respond to either. Some ladies had come from the adjacent houses, and Smith ventured down the well to fasten a rope to the body of Flemming. This he did, and then tried to ascend by the pipes. When half way up, either from exhaustion or partial suffocation, he fell to the bottom of the well, coming in contact with the body of Flemming. Those above attempted to pull Flemming's body up, but could not, and additional help was summoned. When additional help arrived, the body of Flemming was brought slowly from the bottom, but unfortunately, when about half way up the rope broke and the body fell again to the bottom of the well, striking on Smith's head. To those on *terra firma* it seemed that both men must perish. It was quickly determined to sound a general alarm, and in a few minutes hundreds of people were on the premises. Not one among the men seemed willing to descend into the well. The women wrung their hands in agony. Presently there came Winfield S. Overton, who consented to descend, and in a few minutes strong hands were lowering him gradually into what was believed to be a pit of death. He carried with him a signaling line. The foul air and gases affected him slightly when half way down. At the bottom he groped around and felt a leg, to which he attached the signaling line. Then he felt another leg, and having secured a rope to that, signaled to be drawn up. Almost as soon as his head reached the surface, the body of Smith was alongside of him. There was yet life and Drs. Bleeker and Pitt set to work to resuscitate him. He groaned occasionally, and in about an hour was so far restored as to leave no doubt of his speedy return to consciousness. After a needed rest, Overton again descended into the well to secure the body of Flemming. He discovered the man's head and shoulders just above the water level. He suddenly became conscious that his senses were departing, and with one quick effort he secured the rope under Flemming's arms, and signaled to be hoisted to the surface. He was in a state of semi-consciousness, and pulled the signal rope but twice instead of three times, so that the men above did not immediately heed the signal. He became totally unconscious. Two or three minutes later the men, thinking he had been down long enough, hoisted him to the surface. A chill of terror seized the crowd as Overton's senseless body, which many supposed to be his corpse, was pulled over the side of the well house. A minute later and Flemming's corpse was lifted out. He had been dead perhaps fifteen minutes. The doctors soon restored Overton to consciousness. It is believed that the charcoal furnace generated a large quantity of carbonic acid gas, which fell to the bottom, and together with the damp and foul air, produced suffocation.

What a Scribe's Mistake Did.

Count von Thieleman, who passed through the Caucasus about two years ago, states, in his account of his travels, that he was informed by more than one Russian official that it was only through a mere slip of the pen that the harbor of Batoum remained in the possession of the Turks on the conclusion of peace after the campaigns of 1828 and 1829. According to the story that was repeated to him, it was laid down in the original draft of the treaty of Adrianople that a stream named the Tschoroch, which flows into the Black sea to the south of Batoum, should form the new frontier line between Turkey and Russia. In making the fair copy of the deed, however, the scribe employed misstook the "r" for an "l," and so wrote Tscholoch, a word which chanced to be the name of that time of a stream some twelve miles to the north of Batoum—a clerical error which consequently allowed the Turks to retain possession of the only good harbor at the east end of the Black sea.

Grain Trade of Western Europe.

M. Leroy Beaulieu, of Paris, writing recently of the effect of the Eastern war on the grain trade of Western Europe, says that he does not believe that the countries of Western Europe will suffer much on account of the cutting off of the supply from Russia and the Principalities, if the war remains localized. The reason is that the imports from the United States, the countries bordering on the Mediterranean, and British India would fill up the void left by the closing of the Black sea. The United States and India could also furnish the oil seeds hitherto exported from Russia to Western Europe. M. Beaulieu remarks that it remains to be seen whether, when the current of imports shall once have set in from the United States and India, Russia will be able after the peace to bring it back to her southern ports, for it is a frequent if not common result of great wars to displace the courses of trade sometimes for a long period.

Items of Interest.

Texas beef is sold for fourteen cents a pound in London and for fifteen cents in Galveston, Texas.

A dog defended his mistress so effectually in Kent county, Maryland, from a tramp, that the tramp will be maimed for life.

A little Philadelphia boy startled a lady friend of the family the other day, by remarking that she was "four years old with her clothes on."

"She makes all the conquests she desires," said a gentleman of a reigning belle, to a lady. "True," was the sharp response; "but she'd give all her slaves for one master."

"Mother, may I go play base ball?"
"Yes, my valorous pitcher,
But put your wire mask over your mug,
And don't let that dead ball hit yer!"

"That parrot of mine is a wonderful bird," said Smithers; "he cries 'stop thief' so naturally that every time I hear it I always stop. What are you all laughing at, anyway?"

When a man is treating a dashing widow to ice cream, and sees his wife coming into the restaurant, about all he can do is to button his coat, hang to his chair and trust to Providence.

They have watermelons already in Florida and it is not an unusual thing to meet a boy smoking along the roadside with his arms doubled up across his stomach as if a troop of cavalry had charged over it.

"Can there be anything brought into this House," asked a disgusted member during the last session of the Legislature, "that will not be repealed sooner or later?" One of the opposition suggested: "A skinned orange."

Nice uncle (improving the occasion)—"You see, my dear, you don't generally call boys 'pretty;' but if they are very good indeed they may grow up 'handsome.'" Olive Branch—"Oh, uncle! why didn't you be a good boy?"

"Now then," remarked Tom, sliding his books under the bridge and dropping his line into the pool most frequented by the fish, "the early fish catches the worm." And he chuckled as he thought who would catch the early fish.

Three Hours in a Well.

Frank, an eight-year-old son of Mr. Snyder, was sent out to the woods near Stoddartsville, Pa., to hunt up some cows that had strayed away. The boy had not returned at dark. Then his parents became alarmed, and some neighbors were summoned to help hunt him up. For two hours they searched about in the woods. Nothing could be seen of him. At about ten o'clock one of the searchers while passing through the yard of an old farm-house, half a mile or so from Snyder's place, heard some one call faintly: "Papa, papa!" He stepped in the direction of the sound, and threw the light of his lantern in that direction. By its rays he saw the missing boy. He was lying almost on the edge of an old well, the covering of which was broken, revealing an opening about two feet square. He was raised to his feet, but being unable to stand was carried home. He was carefully treated by the overjoyed parents. For a long time he was unable to give any account of what had happened to him, but finally did, substantially as follows:

He had hunted about in the lots for the cows until six o'clock. On his way home he was passing through the old farmyard. He startled a pheasant from a clump of bushes, and turned aside to see whether it had a nest there. He crept into the bushes, and instantly something gave way beneath him, and he was plunged up to his waist in water. He knew that he had fallen into the old well. After recovering from his terror he set about as calmly as possible to get out of his perilous situation. The only way was to climb up the sides of the wall, by the chinks between the stones. He made his way half way up the well in this way when his foothold gave way and he fell back to the bottom again. He then took off his shoes, and after resting, started up again. His progress, he says, was slow and tedious—so slow that it had grown dark at the opening above, indicating that he had been in the well more than an hour. In trying to edge around a large stone that he had met with and which offered no place to help him along, he lost his footing again, and again fell to the bottom. The boy says that if it had not been for his thoughts of home and the agony his parents would be in at his absence, he would not have had the nerve to attempt the ascent again. He did, however, after a long rest in the water, to the chill of which he had become accustomed. This time he succeeded in scaling the wall, and on drawing himself out at the opening above, fell fainting to the ground.

Changes in Fashions.

The changes in the present fashions are but trifling; changes, however, there are in the shape, color and trimming of everything. All the changes are gradual; the tightly-draped dresses are slightly varied in drapery and trimming, and the materials, such as grenadines and "gazes neigeuse," are to be had in all the new shades. Suits of woolen and faille are almost exclusively used for walking purposes. The skirts are very short in front, and have very long trains. In the days of the French directory and the empire these trains were taken up over the arm, while now they are only raised on one side. For evening wear the lower part of skirts is trimmed with garlands of flowers or fruit, or made with aprons trimmed with lace and bunches of flowers. For day wear the trimmings are placed very low upon the skirts. The principal trimmings used are woolen embroideries, damasquire galloon, and jet or steel bead-work.

Hawks as Poultry Destroyers.

Colorado has, by legislative enactment, given a bounty of twenty-five cents for each and every hawk scalp. At Denver City, since the hawk season commenced, the money paid for scalps for that county alone averages from $30 to $40 per day. These hawks are mostly killed in the vicinity of chicken ranches, and the bounty does not offset their ravages on the poultry. They not only carry off the young and half grown chicks, but actually attack full-grown fowls, which are often killed by the furious onslaught of the rapacious hawks. Meadow larks have almost been exterminated by the common enemy.

The M'Kean Miner

H. F. Barbour - - *Editor.*

THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1877.

Meeting of the Republican State Convention.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE, HARRISBURG, May 29th, 1877.—In pursuance of a resolution of the Republican State Committee, adopted at a meeting held in Harrisburg, this day a Republican State Convention, to be composed of delegates from each Senatorial and Representative district, in the number to which such district is entitled in the Legislature, is hereby called to meet in the city of Harrisburg, at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, August 29th, 1877, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Supreme Judge, State Treasurer and Auditor General, to be voted for at the ensuing general election on the sixth day of November next.

By order of Committee.
HENRY M. HOYT,
Chairman.
A. WILSON NORRIS,
Secretary.

OUR READERS will observe at once a change in the size and appearance of the MINER this week. We feel confident that it is an improvement which is sure to please, and we confess to a certain degree of pardonable pride in calling attention to it. We have for a long time contemplated enlarging the paper, but have heretofore been unable to do so because of the inferiority and small size of our antiquated hand press. As stated in our last issue, we have now purchased a steam power press with which we are able to print a paper considerably larger than even our present enlarged issue, and lose no time in putting our contemplated project in operation. We have added a column to each page, and lengthened each column three inches, which gives the subscribers full eight columns more reading matter than formerly, and at the same price of subscription. All this of course insures considerable additional expense, but we are confident that a first class county paper will receive adequate support in McKean county. We are equally confident that our friends and the friends of the paper will show their appreciation of our efforts by earnest labor toward increasing our patronage and circulation. We shall not indulge in any bombast or bragging. Our added means of usefulness as a journalist brings with it of course heavier demands upon our powers. We shall try to prove ourselves equal to the task. We shall try to make the MINER the inferior of no county paper in the State. If we succeed, our highest ambition will have been satisfied. If we fail, we hope it will not be from want of proper encouragement and support from those who should have stood by us.

Tardy Justice.

During his term in the Presidential office President Grant was subjected to more vindictive abuse than any occupant of the office during many years. He was a man of strong character, and dared to do what he thought to be right. In filling the public offices he selected men who were, at the time when appointed, honest, capable and trustworthy. In the general offices he used the best light he had. He gave a fair trial to every agitated issue. He fairly tested the practicability of Civil Service reform; sought by concessions and conciliation to pacify the South; paid the public debt at a rate, and inaugurated a careful start toward resumption. He cleared up long standing and difficult foreign complications and put the Government in better shape than it had been for fifty years before. In brief, he gave an administration that will rise up in the future, when petty criticisms are lost sight of, as the grandest in our civil history. The fact that Babcock was, for a time, his private secretary, and probably yielded to temptations, or that Casey, his brother-in-law, was Collector of the port of New Orleans, will not be regarded, when the history of his administration comes to be written. They are, at most, trivial and unimportant incidents. The history of the reconstruction and conciliation of the South will be written fifty years hence from a totally different standpoint than is popular to-day. It will then be seen that Grant was right, and that rigid justice, and not foolish sentimentalism, would have been best for those people. We venture, therefore, that he will take his place in history, not merely as the greatest of our Generals, but as one of the greatest among our Presidents.

Already the change of sentiment has begun to disclose itself. With his retirement from office, the strife over him ceased, and criticism abandoned, and cordial appreciation substituted. It was found that he was warmly loved, and highly appreciated by the people. That General Grant, out of office had a warm place in the hearts of the people; and hence that there was no point to be made in further abusing him. At once those journals which had gone so far as to declare him personally corrupt, but a short time previous, testified to his high character and incorruptible life. The jungle of criticism and abuse over his policy yielded, as it was realized that he had prepared the way for his successor to pursue such a policy as he might choose, without embarrassment. In brief, the violence and rancor displayed toward him while in office, ceased with his retirement from it, and changed into praise and approval. During his incumbency of the office, we took occasion several times to predict that this would prove the case. He was making a record of such solid merit that it would be recognized, when the whirl of passion and misrepresentation had subsided. The justification of our views has come earlier than we expected.

At this time, when General Grant is receiving the honors showered upon him in England, and when the press of this country without reference to party faith, concedes that he is worthy of them, and that in him the nation is honored, it is proper that we should remember the lesson which these contrasts brings. It is, that certain of the press have sought, by misrepresentation and abuse, to break down a man, now admitted not to have deserved this outrage, but, on the contrary, to have been worthy of all the honors that could be bestowed upon him. In his refusal to be beslavered by McClure, of the Philadelphia *Times*, General Grant showed that he fully understood this. The campaign of 1872, so far as it involved the desertion of the Republican party, and the abuse and attempted defeat of Grant, was full of this spirit of injustice and malevolence. The papers and leading men who were in that movement, and who joined fortunes and gave support to the Democracy, at that time, can never fully enjoy the confidence of the American people again, nor as we think a sense of personal self-respect. The attempted toadyism of McClure was only illustrative of the spirit of his compeers. They knew, when Grant was out of office, that he did not deserve the abuse they had showered upon him; that he was not a dishonest man; and that while he may have differed from them, as to views of public policy, his views were honestly entertained, and hence that his motives were pure. It is a fair presumption that knowing this after he was out of office, they knew it while he was in office, and hence their criticism of his course, embracing as it did, the honesty of his motives, was dishonest and malevolent on their part. Even the Democratic press comes under this criticism,—as it joins in the praise now bestowed on the absent General.—*Pittsburgh Commercial.*

Freedom of the City.

General Grant is to be voted the freedom of the City of London, in a gold box—the first honor of the kind ever conferred on an American. The value and significance of this honor, may not be fully appreciated by our readers, and requires a few words of explanation. The city of London is a municipality within a metropolis, and is governed by its own character and freeman,—the city outside the municipality being governed by Parliamentary authority. Within the sacred limits of the municipality the Lord Mayor is supreme,—even as against the King or Queen. This prerogative has been frequently exercised, by requiring the head of the State to ask permission before entering the limits of the old city. The method of voting the freedom of the city is for the citizens to meet in Common Hall, and vote to bestow the warrant. This done, the next thing is to notify the party honored and to formally invest him with his new privileges. In the case of General Grant, he will be brought into the presence of the Chamberlain; the clerk and officers of the chamber will put their names down with his in the proper book as his "compurgators," making themselves responsible for his good citizenship; the Chamberlain will administer to him the oath of fidelity, shake hands with him and give him in a gold box a slip of parchment warranting to him, and to his children dwelling within seven miles of the city, the franchise of a freeman of London. Under the franchise General Grant will be at liberty to carry on any retail trade within the limits of the city of London without being taxed at the gates on the goods he brings in; he will be exempted also from compulsory service in the British army or navy. If he elects to live within the city limits he will be free from tolls and customs throughout all England and parts of the sea; and his children being left orphans will have the right to become wards of the city and to put their property for safe keeping into the City Chamber. He will also, we believe, have the right to hunt in the county of Middlesex.

The honor has been sparingly conferred. Blucher, the Prussian General that saved the day at Waterloo, the Emperor Alexander Thiers, the Third Napoleon, the Shah of Persia and Sultan of Turkey received the honor, and several English peers hold it by inheritance. It is usually conferred as a recognition, not merely of the individual qualities of the person, but as a national compliment as well. It is in this view that it is conferred on General Grant. He is regarded, however, as the lion of the present London season, and will be apt to see London life in its highest splendor. Of course, while he is thus honored his countrymen may feel that they are honored through him.

—Queen Victoria has completed her sixth year; only 12 other of the 38 reigning sovereigns of Christendom have attained to this age. The oldest of all is the Pope, who is 85, Emperor William is 80, the Czar is 59, Victor Emanuel is 57, Emperor Francis Joseph is nearly 47. The youngest of the sovereigns is Alphonso of Spain.

Charley Backus at the White House.

There was an interview at the White House this morning, which was not down on the books. The sable knight of the pasteboards had carried in a bushel of cards, more or less, and was engaged in his diurnal efforts to keep good natured a room full of impatient office seekers, all of whom wanted to go in first. The President within was undergoing his daily torment. To him perspiring and sighing for a breeze came a card bearing this superscription: "Charles Backus and wife." The fame of the minstrel was talismanic. "Admit him," said the President, and Charley, round formed and jolly, rolled in. "No, I didn't want an office, Mr. President," said Charley, after being duly presented. "I've come to do you a favor." The President sighed a sigh of relief, in two minutes had forgotten the cares of the office, and was laughing at some of Charley's impromptu minstrelsy. A dozen poor but proud gentlemen from the South stood about saying: "Be Gawd, sah, what a letting down of official dignity, sah. It's disgraceful, sah!" But Charley joked and the President laughed. "Well, Mr. President," said the jolly minstrel, rising to go at last, "there's a box at the theatre at your service." "Mr. Backus," replied his Excellency, evidently speaking from the bottom of his heart, "I would go to see you three nights in succession if I could get the time;" and he looked at the impatient waiters within and without. "Come if you can," said Charley, bowing himself out and vowing as he departed that he had never seen so many seedy-looking generals and colonels in shiny black clothes gathered together before in one place in his life.—*Washington Evening Star.*

—The people of Wayne county endeavored to procure an injunction to prevent the Commissioners from erecting a two hundred thousand dollar Court House by days' labor instead of contract, but Judge Dreher decided that the building might go on as the Commissioners directed.

—If the Copper Cent of our Grandmothers were as cheap in proportion as the Silver Dollar of our Fathers, there would be heard loud calls for its remonetization from statesmen who own copper mines, and from frugal patriots who are enamored of any scheme that will enable them to discharge an obligation of $500 with $450 worth of circulating medium.

—The Shenandoah *Herald* is endeavoring to create a sensation with the story that the Mauch Chunk jail is to be attacked with the purpose of liberating the condemned Mollies. The police force on duty at the jail has been doubled.

—The receipts of the Vatican from the Pope's Jubilee were six and a half millions of lire in gold ($1,202,500), exclusive of valuable presents.

—Mr. Cary's candidates in Ohio stand on the same platform compact of greenbacks which was occupied by the bold Democracy in 1875.

—The seventeen year locusts have made their appearance in Lehigh county.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Agent of the Trustees.

Wellsboro, Dec. 24, 1873.

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SHERIFF SALES.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 18th day of June, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Liberty, County of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post corner on the north bank of the Allegany river, being the southwest corner of land of Seth Haskell—lot No. 84; thence north 87 perches to a post, the northeast corner of lot No. 81; thence west 101 perches to a post in the east line of the lands of A. B. Des Chappelle; thence south 62 and 2-10 perches to a post corner; thence west 41 and 5-10 perches to a post, the northeast corner of the land heretofore conveyed to Benton and Clark; thence south 143 perches to a post corner on the north bank of the Allegany river; thence easterly up the north bank of said river by its several courses and distances thereof to the place of beginning, containing [illegible] and 2-10 acres, strict measure, be the same more or less, being lots Nos. 81 and 148, of the allotment of Keating lands in Liberty Township, together with part of land known as the Des Chappelle lot, and being parts of warrants Nos. 2181 and 2171. ALSO—One other piece of land situate in Liberty township, County of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a hemlock, being the southeast corner of the allotment of land of A. B. Des Chappelle; thence north 12 perches to a post corner; thence east 24 and 5-10 perches to a hemlock corner; thence south 1[illegible] perches to a post corner; thence west 55 perches to a post corner; thence south 29 perches to a hemlock corner; thence west 27 and 2-10 perches to a post corner; thence north 10[illegible] perches to a post corner; thence east 51 and 7-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing seventy-two and seven tenths acres, strict measure, be the same more or less, being lot No. 127, of the allotment of Keating lands in said township, and part of warrant No. 21[illegible]. ALSO—Another tract of land situate in the township of Liberty, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a hemlock corner, standing 1[illegible] perches north and 10[illegible] perches east from the basswood at the southeast corner of the last described lot, No. 127; thence north [illegible] perches to a post corner; thence east 80 perches to a post corner; thence south 14 perches to a post corner; thence west 80 perches to the place of beginning, containing [illegible] acres, strict measure, be the same more or less, being lot No. 87 of the allotment of Keating lands in said township, and part of warrant No. 21[illegible], together with one frame house, wing and woodshed, one blacksmith shop, three barns and shed, one board house, one shed barn, one store building, one tool house, one corn house, one large orchard, and about 150 acres of land improved, one well, one shingle mill, one water-power saw mill, dam, boom, &c.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Daniel Clark, at the suit of Horace Chapman.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 18th day of June A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m. [illegible]

12 acres improved, one small board house thereon. [illegible]

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of [illegible] Ferguson, Administrator [illegible]. K. Kane and F. W. Leonard, Executors of [illegible].

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 18th day of June, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in Liberty township, County of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: [illegible]

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of F. H. Lewis, at the suit of Mrs. A. E. Taylor.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 18th day of June, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m. [illegible]

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of [illegible] Dolley & Snyder.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 18th day of June, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m. [illegible]

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of William Irons, at the suit of Esther Grimsby and Lydia Daniels.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 18th day of June, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m. [illegible]

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of Michael Murphy, at the suit of Hannah E. Smith and others.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport on Monday, the 18th day of June, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Ceres, McKean County, Pennsylvania, to wit: beginning at the northwest corner of land of Thomas Bee; thence south two hundred and twenty-five and five tenths rods; thence south sixty-five degrees east eighty-one and five tenths rods to the northeast corner of land of Thomas Bee; thence north to the two hundred and sixty rods to a post on State Line; thence by said line west seventy-four rods to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twelve and one-fourth acres, strict measure, be the same more or less, being part of warrant No. 4350; unimproved.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of H. B. Smith at the suit of Seth A. Merriman, use of John R. Archibald.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *First Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, which I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 18th day of June, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m. [illegible]

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Daniel Clark at the suit of A. [illegible]

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Vend Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 18th day of June A. [illegible]

ALSO—Two other tracts of land in the borough [illegible]

of Bradford, fronting on Main Street, being all the unsold portion of land lying west of village lots Nos. 64 and 57, and between Main and Corydon streets, and the tract east of the railroad. Also fronting on Main Street, bounded on the east and south by the Tunungwant creek and extending south to the southwest corner of 4 and 1-8 acres of land deeded to W. M. Newell by Executor. Improved.

ALSO—All the following described lots of land; beginning at a post at the northeast corner of lands conveyed to E. F. Colegrove; thence east 40 rods to a post; thence south 31 rods to a post; thence west [illegible] rods to a post in center of road; thence north 20 degrees west 13 rods along center of road to a post in the east line of lands conveyed to said Colegrove; thence north 15 rods to place of beginning, containing 9 acres more or less, being part of lot No. 2[illegible] in warrant 2[illegible].

ALSO—Another lot of land bounded as follows: beginning at a post in the southwest corner of land conveyed by executor to W. M. Newell; thence east 28 rods to a post in line of highway northeast corner of land owned by J. W. Brennan; thence south 50 degrees west, 27 rods to a post; thence south 32 degrees, west 14 rods to a post; thence south 15 degrees west 7 rods to a post; thence west 3 and 5-10 rods to a post on the east bank of the creek; thence down the said creek by its several courses and distances to the place of beginning, containing 3 and 3-10 acres on warrant No. [illegible]; partly improved, 2 small frame houses.

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of A. T. Newell at the suit of Anna Downs, use of C. S. Whitney; John N. Newell and Chas. S. Whitney.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, which I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, at one o'clock p. m., on Monday, June 18, 1877, to wit:

All that certain piece parcel or tract of land situate in Eldred township, County of McKean and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a post the southeast corner of land of N. Taylor, lot No. 227; thence north [illegible] perches to a post in the warrant line; thence east [illegible] perches to a [illegible] the southeast corner of warrant No. [illegible]; thence south 80 perches to [illegible]; thence west 70 perches to a hemlock the northwest corner of land of A. T. Barden, lot No. 218; thence south 23 perches to a post corner; thence west 123 and 5-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 91 acres, and being lot No. 228, of Keating & Co. allotment of lands in said township.

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of William Todd, at the suit of Young & Barden, use of Miller, Gerner & Co.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *Vend Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit, which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the borough of Smethport, on Monday, at one o'clock p. m., June 18, 1877.

The following described lot of land, situated in the township of Eldred, county of McKean, Pa., beginning at a hemlock corner in the town line of Ceres and Eldred at the northeast corner of C. Chamberlain; thence west 130 rods; thence north 50 rods; thence east 132 rods to the town line; thence south 50 rods to the place of beginning, containing 41 and 2-10 acres, more or less; about 12 acres improved, one small board house thereon. [illegible]

All that certain tract of land situate in the township of Bradford, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded [illegible] No. 64, conveyed to William Kilpatrick [illegible] [illegible]

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of [illegible] of Bingham Trustees.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of [illegible] issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., I have levied upon the following described Real Estate [illegible] public sale at the [illegible] Smethport on Monday [illegible] D. 1877, at one o'clock [illegible]

[illegible] lot No. 230, [illegible] land.

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of [illegible] Morlan.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 18th day of June, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that piece [illegible] the village of [illegible]

Seized and taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of [illegible] M. Benton.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 18th day of June, A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m. [illegible]

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of [illegible]

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., May 28, 1877.

[illegible]

P. R. R.; thence south [illegible] degrees [illegible] 3-4 rods by the R. R. lands to a post on east side of Mechanic Street; thence [illegible] by the east line of Mechanic Street [illegible] the place of beginning, containing [illegible] acres, being village lots No. [illegible] warrant No. 4[illegible]; all improved. [illegible] two story dwelling house, one work [illegible] one oil well situated on this piece.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Wellington Lord at the suit of Parker & Melvin, use of [illegible].

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, May 28, 1877.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hon. W. S. BROWNELL and [illegible], Associate Judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date [illegible] March 2, A. D. 1877, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court, and Court of Common Pleas, at the Borough of Smethport on Monday [illegible] day of March, 1877, and to continue [illegible].

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizances to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of McKean, are to be then and there to prosecute [illegible].

Dated at Smethport, May 28, 1877, and the [illegible] year of the Independence of the United States of America.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS for June Term, 1877.

Annin Twp—Geo Champlin, John Copley, [illegible]
Bradford Twp—Wm R. Fisher.
Bradford Boro—[illegible] Merrin.
Ceres Twp—Wm K. King, C. H. Smith.
Corydon Twp—Albert Kinney, G. S. Wells.
Keating Twp—Jerry Conner, S. P. Cain, W. F. Ormsby.
Liberty Twp—L. J. Gallup, S. S. Lillibridge, Homer Lamb, Geo Richardson, Miles Waite.
Otto Twp—W. T. Strickland.
Smethport Boro—Charles Bush, John Digel, S. J. Gifford.
Wetmore Twp—Jas. Anderson, John Springer.

LIST OF OYER and TERMINER JURORS drawn for June Term, 1877.

Annin—Asahel Holcomb, Jerome Hodges, [illegible] Kinney.
Bradford—James Buchanan, T. A. Crandall, Lorenzo Drake, Cornelius J Lane.
Bradford Boro—Robt Greggs, Ezra Holmes, A. E. Hughes.
Ceres—N L Adams, Nelson Peabody, J. J. Roberts.
Eldred—C M Canfield, Reubin Dennis, Richard Moses, Gilbert Moody.
Hamlin—Wm Smith.
Keating—Geo M Barrett, T. L. Chapin, Jere [illegible] wick, Geo Ferris, Geo A Hyde, Eugene [illegible] Dowell, Allen Rifle, J K Snell.
Liberty—J D Abbey, Samuel Cole, Thomas [illegible] Bott, C W Farr, F A Griggsby, C. A. Larrabee, E J Mannel, J K Moore, S C Sartwell.
Lafayette—G C Smith.
Norwich—C R Smith.
Otto—Cyrus Baldwin, M G Dennis, Wm Lovejoy, F W Sprague.
Sergeant—Charles Moore, J R Shoemaker.
Smethport Boro—Jabez Beckwith.
Wetmore—Joseph Green, J McCandless, Leander Nutt, Charles Piccolia.

J E B WHITE,
JAMES A. ANDERSON,
Jury Com'rs.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.

TRIAL LIST for June Term, 1877.

Richmond Nichols vs. Hackett & Chevalier Executors. No. 67 June Term, 1874.

C K SARTWELL, Clerk

CAUTION.

MY WIFE, Catharine Garva, has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, and I hereby forbid any person harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

JOHN GARVA.

Clermont, May 28, 1877.—31-3t

Dress Making.

Mrs. G. C. KIDDER

Is prepared to do all kinds of fashionable dress making in the latest styles and at short notice.

CUTTING AND FITTING A SPECIALTY.

If work is not right it can be returned and it will be made satisfactory. Charges reasonable. Residence on King Street, above the Methodist Episcopal church.

The M'Kean Miner.

THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1877.

Churches.

METHODIST.—J. C. WHITESIDE, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 10½ a. m. Class Meeting at 11½ a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7½ p. m.

Preaching at Norwich at 2 p. m., and at Clermont at 6 p. m., every other Sabbath. And Preaching at Barrett School House at 2 p. m. every alternate Sabbath.

BAPTIST.—O. J. ROSE, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m., and at 7½ p. m. Sunday School immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Hafner school house.

EPISCOPAL.—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 1st and 3d Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

JOB PRINTING.

The MINER Job Printing Department is well stocked with the best material, to which frequent additions are being made of the latest styles of types, which, together with good workmanship, enables us to turn out Job Printing in the best style and at city prices. We make a specialty of

LEGAL BLANK PRINTING.

We keep in stock a full line of ordinary legal and Justice Blanks, and are prepared to print any style of blanks on short notice, in a neat and workmanlike manner, and at reduced prices. Give us a trial.

BRIEF MENTION.

—Court next week.

—How do you like our new head?

—The *Glorious Fourth* comes on Wednesday this year.

—H. V. Redfield started for Washington on Tuesday.

—The Sheriff has received another bird from Port Allegany. Stealing.

—The Cole Creek well is down over 1500 feet, and should be done to-day.

—Frank Richmond will collect the county duplicate in the borough.

—The Ocean Times is crowded with broad gauge advertisements.

OFFICE—FORD BUILDING,
SMETHPORT, PA.

—Before Slates were introduced people multiplied upon the face of the earth. Fact.

Attorney and Counselor at Law,
SMETHPORT, PA.

—The Grand Lodge of the order of Knights of Pythias will be held at Rochester July 24, 25 and 26.

—The Great Pacific Circus shows at Ridgway on Saturday and at Smethport on the following Tuesday.

Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

P. H. COTTER.

—A little son of W. L. Nichols, of Condersport, was badly bitten by a dog last week Friday.

—How many Pennsylvania counties are embraced in the "Clean Oil District?"

—Business prospects on the Genesee Valley canal do not appear bright. Very few boats are loading.

—Mrs. Ida Harris, formerly Miss Ida Husted, of Bobtown, was married to Mr. Dash Wade, of Tarport, last Friday.

—The Morphy movement is about to break out in Harrisburg. Better wait till the Legislature is in session.

—Quarterly meeting services at the M. E. Church on the 23d and 24th inst. Rev. F. W. Conable will be present.

Attorney at Law.
Office with Ely, Bonnell and Pennefather's Store,
BRADFORD, PA.

—Armstrong's SODA fountain is in running order, and the soda water better than ever this season. Try it.

—Rub your stoves with kerosene and you will not find them covered with rust when you come to set them up next fall.

—Butler's "My Dear Pitkin," U. S. Marshal of Louisiana, was a clerk in the Provost-Marshal's office at Elmira during the war.

—An agricultural authority says: "Set a tomato plant in each hill of cucumbers or melons, and you will have no difficulty with bugs on the vines."

—The pitcher of a Rhode Island base ball club has but one arm, and loses his arm and stamp in catching. His delivery is very swift.

—There are twenty-four aspirants for the democratic nomination as Sheriff of Lycoming county, and every one is confident of securing the nomination.

—Warley Gifford started for Buffalo on Tuesday to get another stock of goods. This is the third stock the new firm has put in within three months.

—Hon. Gideon Scott is not dead, many of our exchanges to the contrary notwithstanding. He is in a critical condition, but too plucky to give up easily.

—Judging by the long list of signers of the Murphy pledge published in the Clearfield Journal, we should say the movement was a grand success in that town.

—Sim. Cooper, one of the two "old residents" of the jail from Kane, is suffering severely with a painful swelling in his side. It may prevent his being tried next term.

—Parties attending Court next week are gently reminded that then will be a good time to renew their subscriptions to the MINER, which is now a large, 32 column paper, with no increase in the price of subscription.

—We have never witnessed a shimmer entrance at a circus than was seen last Saturday at the New York State Circus. Nearly all seemed to have made up their minds to "wait for the big show."

—The Watkins Democrat didn't like Robinson's European Circus. "It is a moving mass of dirt; while the horses are so poor that lightning has tried in vain to strike them." And that is about the way it appeared to us last Saturday.

—The same quantity of milk that is required to produce one pound of butter will produce three and a half pounds of cheese. Butter is worth 20 cents a pound and cheese 13. Which is the most profitable to make? We would like to have some of our shrewd farmers hereabouts figure on this problem.

—We are informed by the Clerk that the tax levy for the County duplicate has been fixed. It will require a levy of 17½ mills for county purposes and 5 mills for payment of jail bonds. This pays all the county expenses and $9000 of the jail debt. It is not an extravagant levy, certainly not as heavy as was anticipated.

—Some one who pretends to know says the cost of a keg of beer is $3. for which the brewer gets $3.50 and the retailer $7.

—The Altoona Tribune says passenger traffic over the P. R. R. is better than it was two or three years before the Centennial.

—A gay party from Smethport and Clermont visited the Wilcox well last evening. They supplemented the visit with a private dance at Wilcox.

—Sheriff King has found it necessary on account of press of business to employ another deputy. Ole Snyder, of Port Allegany, is filling the position for the present.

—Carl Sasse has painted and put up a new sign for Haskill & Gifford, which is neat, showy and attractive, and will compare very favorably with the best city work.

—We should judge from the forcible remarks of one of our citizens last Saturday that he was inclined to the opinion that the new borough council contemplated repudiation.

—A very valuable dog, affirms the Boston Globe, died suddenly in that city, recently, and on being opened, sixty one shingle nails were found in his stomach. The inference was that he had swallowed a sample clerk in the hardware line.—Danbury News.

—Who is "Short and Dirty," of whom the Williamsport Bulletin makes occasional mention. Is it E. B. Haines, the murky complectioned chap of "large legislative experience" who tried to start a democratic paper in McKean county a few years ago? We mistrust it is.

—We are pleased to see B. L. Knapp on the street again, even though it is on crutches. He has been confined to the house by a disease in the bones of one of his limbs, requiring a terribly painful surgical operation. We hope it will effect a permanent cure.

—We understand that John C. Backus, Esq. has successfully concluded the sale of a tract of hemlock timber land on the Two Mile to Bullis Bros. for $8,000 and upwards. If there is any one we would like to see strike a streak of luck it is John.

—The only thing about the clown's jokes at the circus last Saturday that was respectable was their extreme age. We were taught to respect gray hairs, and were therefore pained to see our aged friends maltreated and mangled out of the mouth of a drunken, foul-mouthed clown.

—As will be seen by advertisement in another column, Dr. L. M. Rand will be at the Bennett House in this place Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, and at Port Allegany Tuesday and Wednesday of the following week. Those having need of dental services will do well to remember the dates.

—The 21st of June will be such a hangman's day as the State of Pennsylvania never knew before. Nine of the Mollie Maguires will be executed on that day, five at Pottsville and four at Mauch Chunk. There is one advantage in this wholesale execution, it saves the country some expense and Schuylkill has been taxed quite enough for these murderers.

—Miss Allice M. Wetmore, only daughter of Judge L. D. Wetmore, of Warren, was married last week Wednesday evening to J. Percy Jefferson, of Wilmington, Delaware, a graduate of West Point in the class of 1875, now a Lieutenant in the 5th Artillery, at Fortress Monroe. The bridal pair left the following day for New York, thence to Europe.

—The Ithaca Journal cruelly prints a conversation overheard in the cars. Senator X. was asked how long the extra session of the Senate at Saratoga, for the trial of ex-Bank Superintendent Ellis, would last, and replied, "Probably eight or ten days." "Eight or ten days?" echoed Dorsheimer, who sat near by. "Why, Senator, the races last two weeks."

—Hilliard & Hunting's Great Pacific Circus will pitch their canvas on the Mendenhall farm to-morrow. They have been giving performances at nearly all of the oil towns within the past few weeks, and they are everywhere met with a hearty enthusiasm and support. Not, though, without merit, for the press and public are unanimous in pronouncing it the best show on the road. They will remain here two days giving two exhibitions each day. No fakirs or swindling games allowed on the grounds.—Edenburg Herald.

—There is probably no other troupe that has won such encomiums from the press and the public throughout the country as the Great Pacific Circus which performs here on Tuesday, June 19th. It is composed of artists whose perfection in their various roles stamp them as acknowledged masters in their professional world. The show is moral and elevating in character, pleasing, interesting and instructive, and contains the very best of gymnasts, the funniest of clowns, the most daring athletes, the most dashing serio-comic vocalists, the champion song and dance artists and the best educated horses and ponies in the world.

—The Hilliard & Hunting circus, which spreads its canvass in Smethport on the 19th inst., is one of the best shows now travelling. They have discarded the usual clap-trap outside display, and depend entirely upon the merits of the performance under the canvas for the public patronage. The daring trapeze act of Clarice and Robert Hunting, the wonderful feats of horsemanship of the one-legged rider, Alex. Chambers, and the great powers of strength and endurance exhibited by Cordella and Victorelli are each worth the price of admittance. The troupe deserves and will doubtless obtain a crowded canvas.

—A party of gentlemen from Salem, Mass., representing heavy capital have been spending several days in this place looking over the advantages presented here for the building of bark extract works and an upper leather tannery on an extensive scale. They have carefully surveyed the almost unlimited bark resources of this region, and several suitable sites for their buildings. They are not men who proclaim their thoughts and intentions upon the street corner, and we understand have not fully concluded upon their action. They have invited proposals for building, however, with the purpose to commence operations at once if they conclude to locate here. The building they propose erecting for their extract works will consist of a main building 75x108, with 20 foot posts, with also an addition 20x103. The extract works alone we understand will employ 30 hands.

Oil Statistics for May.

The Oil City Derrick of last Friday devotes six columns to a review of the oil operations for the month of May, from which we cull the following facts of local interest.

More wells were completed than during the month previous. There were 314 wells completed, producing daily 4,804 barrels, with 60 dry holes. In McKean and Cattaraugus district 53 wells were completed producing 514 barrels per day, with 5 dry holes, an average daily yield per new well of about 9 barrels. Owing to a heavy decline in some of the older sections, the aggregate increase of production was but a little over 2,800 barrels in round figures, making a total daily production of between thirty-one and thirty-two thousand barrels. It is expected, moreover, that this will undergo a further increase for June, as the number of drilling wells, as shown by the statement, is still quite large. The old wells, in many sections, are declining of late more rapidly than usual, which is owing to the fact that they are now enjoying a relapse, after the healthy growth of the early spring season, the growth being the result of cleaning, torpedoing, &c. This decline is therefore the balance wheel of daily production, which regulates the motion and prevents the rapid increase that otherwise would transpire. Considering the number of new wells completed and the richness of the territory whereon they were bored it is rather surprising that a more extensive increase in the daily yield did not transpire.

The dry-hole list is the largest yet given. Clarion county presented the greater proportion, and they were discovered not alone in wildcatting, but mostly in boring what was termed sure territory.

The Derrick gives a detailed list of all the wells drilling and rigs up and building in the various districts on the 1st of June, summarizing it as follows:

	June 1st. Drilling.	Rig.
Clarion	167	128
Butler and Armstrong	147	89
Venango, Warren, Forest	110	80
McKean and Cattaraugus	78	42
	502	339

April 1st	391	311
March 1st	458	329
February 1st	455	295
January 1st	426	272
Production January		25,100
" February		25,800
" March		27,100
" April		29,000
" May		31,700

In the Warren district are reported twenty-three wells drilling and twenty rigs up and building.

The showing is not very favorable to a speedy decrease in production. It will be seen, however, that the prospects for a future decline in the number of drilling wells are good, owing to the fact that there is a decrease in the number of rigs up and building, and especially in the "rig building." This is a favorable omen. It is the basis of the only remaining hope that production shall, some time in the near future, cease to augment. There is no doubt whatever that considerable territory yet remains to be drilled, and at fairly remunerative prices operations would increase upon it, but with the present condition of the market it is hardly probable that, outside of Bullion, many new wells will be started. It would seem, too, that with 300 new wells each month the present area would very soon become exhausted, but as it has ever been, there seems to be a gradual extending of the prolific fields.

The Butler and Armstrong district developed nothing during May of striking importance. In the extreme western region, on the Bullion extension, a number of wells are in operation, but none have acquired a sufficient depth to determine the character of the "soil" in that threatening latitude.

The Clarion field as usual furnishes substance for interesting comment. Its broad expanse continuing to enlarge gradually, though without creating alarm or causing excitement. About one hundred wells are completed during the month in review whose average amounted to about nine barrels each, though a few were much larger, ranging from thirty to fifty barrels daily. Instead of a decline therefore, we have a light increase in the total daily production of the district.

The Bullion field continues to attract the greatest attention and is still the cynosure of all eyes. From thirty-two wells completed there in the month of May we find a production of about 2,300 barrels daily, swelling the total yield on the first of the month nearly to four thousand barrels a day. This production, however, it will be remembered is subject to rapid and important changes. The striking of four or five wells, as was the case on the first instant may elevate the total yield several hundred barrels above the general average. A large increase, however, must be expected in the near future. Upward of 100 new wells are now in progress, but these are in the main located upon well defined territory and can have but little effect upon the condition of the district beyond the inevitable result—an increase in production.

In the Warren district about thirty wells were completed, seven of which were totally dry. The others made an average of nearly eighteen barrels each. The largest was the Watson well, north of the Asylum grounds. This started up at the rate of about 200 barrels, but has receded to the humble position of a sixty barrel gusher. At present operations are tending northeastward, in the vicinity of Russelburg.

The report does not speak very extravagantly of the McKean and Cattaraugus field. It assumes that the James well and Fisher well are dry holes, which fact circumscribes the northern and eastern limits of the territory. It thinks that while operators claim a 5000 barrel territory, it will require three dollar oil to produce it.

Thompson House, Kane, Pa.

The following letter from Mr. R. M. N. Taylor, late proprietor of the Thompson House, Kane, Pa., speaks plainly for itself in the interest of Mr. Taylor's successor, Mr. Kemp. A word from Mr. Taylor is sufficient:

THOMPSON HOUSE,
KANE, PA., May 12, 1877.

Having disposed of my interest in the management of the Thompson House, I take pleasure in recommending those who have so kindly given me their patronage to the care of my successor, Charles H. Kemp. Mr. Kemp having had a large experience in the management of first-class hotels in Philadelphia and other points, I feel confident that I can safely say to those who have expressed so much good feeling toward Kane as a resort, that they will not regret a sojourn here during the coming season. The hotel will be supplied with pure spring water throughout, the bath rooms are in the most comfortable order, and each floor of the hotel will have all the comforts required for families. The grounds are being very handsomely planted and laid out for the usual amusements. These, together with the beautiful old forests with their towering hemlocks and babbling brooks, will add to the enjoyment of those who are in search of health, flowers, and trout fishing. I need not say that good food will be furnished, for I know it. It is with pleasure that I recommend the Thompson House.

BRADFORD CORRESPONDENCE.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]
BRADFORD, PA., JUNE 11, 1877.

To the Editor of the Miner:

The market has been quite unsteady during the past week though ranging at fair prices generally; but lacking stability it requires very little to change the figures and is no sooner up than down again. The Bradford market closes to night at $1.65 Latest from United $2.06½.

There is but little doing in the way of oil operations. Haskell and Frew, representing the Quadruple oil company have a well in the sand near DeGolier which is showing up good and will probably be a ten or twelve barrel well when finished.

The Harris and Slocum well at State Line which reached the sand a couple of weeks ago has done about 100 barrels a day ever since and has undoubtedly paid for itself by this time.

Wilson, Germer and Cary's well, also at the State Line, is doing something like 150 barrels a day from shale rock. But both these wells are expected to diminish in production soon.

Gen. T. L. Kane was in town one day last week looking as hearty as ever. I understand he is about making road communications between Kane and Bradford by building a public highway from Kane to Lafayette. As he has a way of performing what he undertakes the project will be completed no doubt before long.

The rumors that the P. C. L. and P. Co's. oil wells and developments are disposed of to other parties and that Mr. Prentice, the President of the company, has financially failed are without foundation. Mr. Prentice has retired from the firm of Whitney, Wheeler & Co., but it is a matter of choice and not compulsion.

The installation of the lodge of I. O. O. F. having twenty-five charter members took place in Masonic Hall last Tuesday afternoon. The officers installed are as follows: Messrs M. C. Kilbourne, N. G; G. H. Fouri V. G; A. Buckley, Sec'y; B. Buckley, Ass't. Sec'y, and P. L. Webster, Treas. Thirteen new candidates were initiated. At the opera house in the evening D. G. P. G. S. James B. Nicholson delivered a free lecture on Odd Fellowship which was highly entertaining. After the lecture and closing ceremonies the officers and members took supper at Bally's popular lunch-room.

Prof. Harvey's legerdemain entertainment on Wednesday evening was rather sparely attended. The tricks, though mostly old ones, were performed in an artistic manner.

Archie McAuly, holding the position of Constable at Tarport got a severe pummeling from the hands of a man named Cary a few days ago. The latter was arraigned before Justice Ward on a charge of assault preferred by the former and held to bail to answer at June court. The prisoner was also connected with a case of attempted rape and held to bail in a further sum of $300.

The Allegany Band paid our city a visit on Friday afternoon dressed in full uniform, and made a much finer display on the streets than either of our circus parades. They played for a ball at Limestone the same evening.

Newell Parsons has been and gone and done it. Miss Kate McCarthy, of Limestone is now "the better half."

Murray's circus is billed for next Saturday. To see the few rods of flaming posters at the corner of Main and Webster streets one might pronounce it a first-class show in advance. Time will tell.

A post office has been established at State Line called Tuna Creek.

M. C. Kilbourne is moving his Jewelry establishment to the building adjoining Gilbert and Black's flour and feed store. Mr. T. C. Singleton will occupy Kilbourne's old stand in the Post Office, and as he is a first class workman in every respect will no doubt do as well as he ought. There are now four jewelry stores in town.

"That Rib, or what Aunt Sally said" was the subject of a very poor lecture delivered by Miss Fannie Hamlin on Thursday evening. Miss Hamlin means well enough but lacks elocutionary ability and as a lecturer is not a success.

Some effort is being made for a Fourth of July celebration.

One evidence of the growth of this place is shown by a palace barber shoppon Main street. Joe Ganoin, the proprietor, commenced last August with a 7x9 room and one chair; he now has a large room fitted up in a very tasty style with all the modern improvements and runs six chairs instead of one. His establishment is equal to any found in large cities for comfort and elegance, and as a natural consequence is largely patronized.

The Orton Lightning Calculator man with his chalk and blackboard is surrounded with a large crowd to-night on the public square to whom he is retailing figures with lightning rapidity.

A party named Deffell put up a building on the island opposite the depot in which he started a dance and beer hall, and last Friday evening opened with a ball which resulted in a number of drunken fights. The place has since been broken up and turned into a school house.

The White dramatic combination played Castle Rinh to a full house on Saturday, and play East Lynne to-night. They are a good troupe.

Our post office is to be a money order office on the first of July. R. M. DeGolier has his books and blanks to commence with so there will be no failure this time.

D. D.

Correction.

We should have stated in our article last week in reference to the accidental poisoning of Mrs. John Ross that the poisonous ingredient was Extract of Nux Vomica, instead of Nux Vomica; also that Mr. Colegrove first administered warm water and mustard, instead of warm water alone. We make these corrections with the purpose of making our statements, as we intended, perfectly accurate.

—George P. Rowell & Co. deserves the best thanks of the advertising community for their efforts to prevent advertisers from being imposed on by unscrupulous publishers. Every honest publisher will also thank them for the aid they have afforded them in maintaining their competition for business by fair means, against the fraudulent practices of dishonest rivals. Messrs. Rowell & Co., alone of Newspaper Directory publishers, have had the courage to undertake the task of discriminating among the statements of newspapers, and to face the hostility which such a course was sure to excite among those who profited by misrepresentation. Notwithstanding the "crushing" articles that from time to time have been hurled at them, sometimes by parties who ought to have known better, they have persevered in their course, and they have had their reward. Their publication has taken the first place as the standard authority among American Newspaper Directories, and a reference book for every large advertiser and advertising agency in this country.—Jersey City Journal, May 22, 1877.

Eldred Items.

—The quarterly meeting of the church of United Brethren was held at Farmers Valley last Sunday, Rev. W. Codman, Presiding Elder. Rev. T. S. Benllett and Rev. Smith of Eldred were present.

—Services were held at Stull Town Sunday afternoon by Rev. Merville, after which six persons received the ordinance of baptism by immersion.

—Some parties effected an entrance to L. L. Dennis' store last Tuesday evening the 5th inst. by raising a ladder to a window over the store thus gaining access to the room. They must have been disturbed in their operations as the only article carried away was a satchel filled with squares of patchwork, all of which they strewed on the road, throwing the satchel on the side of the road, where it was found the following morning.

—Mr E. L. Dodd, from Port Allegany, has a harness shop in this place. We understand that he is an excellent mechanic, and as his coming will fill a want long felt, we have no doubt but that he will be well patronized.

—Great inconvenience is felt by the bark peeling contractors in this locality in consequence of not being able to engage a sufficient quantity of workmen.

OIL NEWS.—Indian Creek.—The McMullen well on this creek is doing nothing; operations are suspended and the force of gas is immense.

—The Follett Bros. well on the Lewis Loop farm is down 1400 feet with little or no oil, but as far as gas is concerned it is a regular roarer.

—The Knapps Creek Oil Co. after drilling 300 feet in their test well have suspended operations in consequence of some unpleasantness among the company, and unless it is amicably adjusted early this week all the machinery will be moved from the ground.

—Operations are still in force on the Grilley farm, Knapps Creek and the derrick is near completion.

—Mr. Enoch Littlefield is also getting out the timbers for a derrick to be placed on his farm, and operations will commence with all speed. This well is only about two miles from our village.

VERITAS.

Brookville & Buffalo Railway.

The following facts have been elicited by a Derrick correspondent from Col. Caldwell, the engineer-in-chief of the corps of engineers engaged in surveying the above road.

The road is to connect at Brookville with the Low Grade division of the Allegheny Valley railroad; thence through the town of Brookville, and up North Fork of Red Bank creek to the summit between the Red Bank and Clarion rivers; thence down Cathers' Run to the Clarion river, crossing it about two miles below Cooksburg or at Hemlock Island. The bridge at this place across the Clarion will be eighty feet high and probably three hundred feet long. It will then extend up the Clarion to Cooksburg, continuing up Thom's Run to what is known as the Big Level. It will cross the Tionesta creek somewhere below Foxburg, Forest county, and from there follow Tionesta creek to Sheffield.

The maximum gradient is only fifty-one feet per mile, and the minimum is two feet and six inches per mile. The heaviest grades are on the northern slope and the lighter grades on the southern.

The object of this road is to facilitate the shipment of heavy goods and coal from eastern cities and mines. Coal shipped from Reynoldsville via Driftwood to Buffalo has either to be taken over the St. Mary's summit on the Philadelphia & Erie railroad, or Keating summit on the Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia railroad. If shipped from the same point via Red Bank, the freight amounts to more than the coal is worth in Buffalo. If this road be put in operation it will undoubtedly open up a trade for the counties of Jefferson, Elk, Forest and Warren, that is now not thought of. The coal mines at Shawmut and Centerville and Little Toby, in Elk county, will again be put in operation and a good road built down the Clarion to connect with the above at Cooksburg. The bark resources of Forest and Warren will be better developed.

Col. Caldwell gave it as his opinion that the Philadelphia & Erie and Allegheny Valley roads would oppose this enterprise to the bitter end.

How a Ten Dollar Bill Paid Ninety Dollars Debt.

Mr. Brown kept boarders. Around his table sat Mr. Brown, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Andrews, the village milliner; Mr. Black, the baker; Mr. Jordan, a carpenter, and Mr. Hadley, a flour, feed and lumber merchant.

Mr. Brown took out of his pocket-book a ten dollar note, and handed it to Mrs. Brown, saying:

"Here, my dear, are ten dollars toward the twenty I promised you."

Mrs. Brown handed it to Mrs. Andrews, the milliner, saying:

"That pays for my new bonnet."

Mrs. Andrews said to Mr. Jordan, as she handed him the note:

"That will pay for your work on my counter."

Mr. Jordan handed it to Mr. Hadley, the flour, feed and lumber merchant, requesting his lumber bill.

Mr. Hadley gave the note back to Mr. Brown, saying:

"That pays ten dollars on board."

Mr. Brown passed it to his wife, with the remark that that paid her the twenty dollars he had promised. She in turn paid it to Mr. Black to settle her bread and pastry account, who handed it to Mr. Hadley, wishing credit for the amount of his flour bill, he again returning it to Mr. Brown, with the remark that it settled for that month's board. Whereupon Mr. Brown put it back into his pocket-book, exclaiming "that he never thought a ten dollar bill would go so far."

Thus a ten dollar greenback was made to pay ninety dollars indebtedness inside of five minutes. Who says greenbacks are worthless?—Laramie Sentinel.

Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late Hon. A. N. Taylor, are hereby notified that said accounts are now in the hands of John C. Backus, who is Attorney for the Executors of the Estate of said Taylor, who will together with one or more of the said Executors make it a point to be at the office of said Backus, in the borough of Smethport, on Wednesday and Thursday of each week, after next week, for the purpose of settling said accounts. All persons having unsettled accounts as above stated, will please be prompt in answering the notice, and thereby save themselves costs.

A. E. TAYLOR,
D. G. YOUNG, } Executors.
F. N. TAYLOR,

Smethport, Pa. Nov. 16, 1876.—tf

—It is not for residents of this or any other town to patronize foreign merchants, tradesmen, or skilled laborers, when they can get equally as good if not better value for their money at home, and thus keep the amount expended where it will do the most good to all concerned. The only reasonable excuse for sending off to some other place, is when you want an article and can't get it at home.

Letter from Dr. Freeman.

We were handed the following letter for publication just as our paper was ready for the press, and have no time for comment, even did we feel so disposed or deem it necessary. We certainly understood that an analysis of the pills was contemplated, but if the question is satisfactorily decided in the minds of those concerned there is nothing more to be said.

To the Editor of the Miner:

My attention being called to-day to your article headed "Almost a Fatal Blunder," I notice you say in the last part of said article:

We understand it is Mr. Colegrove's intention to have the pills analyzed, and until this is done it cannot be settled on whom the blunder rests.

Now, sir, the facts in the case are simply these: The prescription was written by me, as stated, which was given to Mr. Colegrove by myself in order to facilitate the analysis. The prescription was filled by Mr. Caller's clerk while he (Caller) was unavoidably absent at court. That, as a matter of course, disposes of his part and lot in the matter. The prescription speaks for itself, and that either clears or convicts, as far as I am concerned. Now, sir, will you please state wherein an analysis is going to settle anything, unless, as is talked by some, a designing outsider, out of unalloyed devilry, tampered with said prescription. I will do all in my power to unearth any iniquity in the case, as Mr. Colegrove has my assurance. But the facts are, Mr. Editor, the clerk, either by listening to bad counsel, or by sheer laziness, failed to properly incorporate the mass.

Truly your fellow citizen,
S. D. FREEMAN, M.D.

Bark.

A. H. Cory buys and ships hemlock bark from Smethport, Farmers Valley, Frisbee and Larrabee. May 31 1877.—tf

NEW GOODS

W. D. GALLUP,

SARTWELL BLOCK, SMETHPORT, PA.

Now offers to the trade

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

MILLINERY,

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,

&c., &c., at Bottom Prices.

We are

NOT LOADED DOWN

with accumulated stock, and are able to give our customers the benefit of a

COMPLETE NEW STOCK
AT
LOW PRICES.

A full line of GROCERIES, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c., also on hand. An inspection of Goods and Prices invited.

May 25, 1877.—tf-29

NEW MEAT MARKET.

THE undersigned would inform the public that they have opened a Meat Market in the basement of the Wright House, where they will keep on hand a full supply of

FRESH AND SALT MEATS,
FISH, LARD, &c., &c.,

which will be sold as low as the market will allow. An inspection of stock and prices is invited.

WM. OGILVIE & CO.

Smethport Pa. March 29th, 1877.—ly-2a

LICENSE PETITIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named persons have filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions of McKean County, Petitions for licenses, which will be presented to the Court at June Sessions, 1877.

FOR TAVERN LICENSES.

BRADFORD BORO'	- -	John G. King.
"	" -	R. W. Green.
"	" -	Phil W. Rosh.
"	" -	Edward Dolan.
"	" -	John Keown.
"	" -	Ira Wagner.
"	" -	James Drumgold.
"	" -	Thos McGoldrick.
"	" -	Wellington Smith.
"	" -	John Quigley.
BRADFORD TWP.	- -	O. M. Reynolds.
"	" -	James O'Neil.
"	" -	A. M. Coleman.
"	" -	McKean & Lavery.
"	" -	Philip Spickernagle.
"	" -	David H. Lewis.
"	" -	Jeremiah Cronen.
"	" -	Duncan Sutherland.
"	" -	W. W. Crandall.
"	" -	Patrick Mulqueen.
LIBERTY TWP.	- -	S. C. Sartwell.
"	" -	Ed. Mullin.
"	" -	Sally A. Palmer.
DERRICK TWP.	- -	C. H. Moore.
SMETHPORT BORO'	- -	Wm. Haskill.
WETMORE TWP.	- -	Geo. Walker.
ELDRED TWP.	- -	E. Larrabee.

RESTAURANT or EATING HOUSE LICENSE

LIBERTY TWP.	- -	L. B. Bishop.
BRADFORD "	- -	James O'Donnell.
" "	- -	Geo R. Abbey & B. Gannon.
" BORO'	- -	P. Appleby.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSE

LAFAYETTE TWP.	- -	Charles Geary.
LIBERTY TWP.	- -	Keron Hanlon.

WITNESS my hand and seal of office at Smethport, May 29, 1877.

C. K. SARTWELL, Clerk.
[L.S.] per JNO. E. CHADWICK, Dep'y.

W. G. WEAVER,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND ENGRAVER.

ELDRED, McKEAN CO. PA.

Where can be found a full line of LADIES and GENTS' JEWELRY, Spectacles, Plated Ware, Violin Strings, etc. Also a good assortment of Clocks constantly in stock, including the Ithaca and Lewis Calendar, which I am selling 20 per cent. lower than any house in this section.

WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

With an experience of over 30 years in the business, I feel confident that I can guarantee satisfaction. All work warranted.

May 22, '76 tf W. G. WEAVER.

"Knowledge Is Power!"

Therefore get knowledge; and with all thy getting get understanding.

APPLETON'S
AMERICAN CYCLOPAEDIA,

A Library of itself in every branch of Art, Science, History and Nature, containing the essence of all knowledge, and as reference good authority on all subjects; and much the

CHEAPEST,

—as well as the—

MOST RELIABLE

Form that knowledge can be obtained in, will be circulated in the counties of McKean and Warren, Pa., by N. BUTLER, who proposes to gratefully receive subscriptions and guarantee that all delivered are in accordance with the terms of delivery and the terms of subscription.

Address and the earth closes over him,
Like that of a dying god.
14-27-3m Looks like altars; out of
this a chorus [illegible]

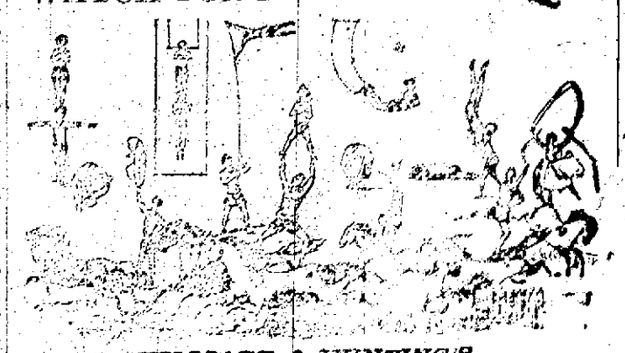
NEW [illegible] SHOP.

At Farmers Valley.

[illegible], late of Smethport, has opened a New Shop at Farmers Valley, near the [illegible]. Patronage solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

14-31-1y A. TUMSER.

WATCH FOR IT. WAIT FOR IT.



HILLIARD & HUNTING'S

GREAT PACIFIC CIRCUS

WILL EXHIBIT AT

SMETHPORT, TUESDAY, Afternoon & Evening, June 19
PORT ALLEGANY, WEDNESDAY " June 20

SEE THE AGGREGATION OF TALENT.

MISS ANNIE WORLAND, The Graceful Equestrienne.
STEWART W. DAVIS, The English Champion Rider.
JOSEPH PETAUS, The Great French Scenic Rider.
THE SHERMAN BROTHERS, America's Famous Gymnasts.
MONS. CAPRONI, The Grotesque French Clown.
MR. M. M. HILLIARD, With his Trained Steed, White Hawk.
MR. CHARLES CARDELLA, The Awe-Inspiring Trapeze Artist.
MLLE. CELESTE, The Dashing Queen of the Arena.
ALEX GREENWOOD, The Only Trained Wizard Horseman.
CHARLES TAYLOR, The Wonderful Lilliputian Contortionist.
ROBERT HUNTING, The Popular Jester and Clown.
JOHNNY G. ROSE, The Funny Little Clown.
CORDELLA & VICTORELLI, The Somersault Kings.
MLLE. CLARICE HUNTING, The Daring Female Gymnast.

DON'T FORGET THE DAY AND DATE.

J. H. HACKETT, Advance Agent.

The New Drug Store.

W. T. CALLER,

—Dealer in—

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Goods,

and Notions, Paints, Oil, Varnishes, &c., &c.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED
at all Hours of Day or Night.

MAIN STREET, - - - SMETHPORT, PA.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD.

Time table went into effect Monday, May 21st, 1877, at 11.10 o'clock a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.
Larrabee.....Leave	11.10 a.m	4.00 p.m
Frisbee.....	11.18	4.07
Farmers Valley.....	11.23	4.19
Smethport.....	11.40	4.36
Crosby.....	12.02	5.02
Colegrove.....	12.07	5.07
Hamlin.....	12.13	5.02
Wetmore.....		
Clermont.....Arrive	12.30	5.35

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.
Clermont.....Leave	1.20 p.m	8.55 p.m
Wetmore.....	"	"
Hamlin.....	1.50	"
Colegrove.....	1.55	6.50
Crosby.....	2.00	6.55
Smethport.....	2.20	7.05
Farmers Valley.....	2.31	7.16
Frisbee.....	2.43	"
Larrabee.....Arrive	2.52	7.33

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

S. V. GODDEN,
Superintendent.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Trains run on Buffalo time. Time table went into effect on Sunday, May 20th, 1877. No trains run on Sunday.

MAIL.	EXPRESS.	STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
a.m.	p.m.	SOUTH.	p.m.	a.m.
7 10	5 00	Dep.....Buffalo.....Arr	7 45	8 25
7 48	5 40	.....Finn.....	7 07	7 46
7 50	6 25	.....Aurora.....	6 51	7 30
8 47	7 19	.....Arcade.....	5 57	6 42
8 55	7 28	.....Yorkshire.....	5 46	6 33
9 05	7 38	.....Machias.....	5 36	6 23
9 28	7 58	.....Franklinville.....	5 15	6 00
9 55	8 25	.....Hinsdale.....	4 54	5 37
10 10	8 52	.....Erie R. R. Junction.....	4 17	5 10
10 13	8 55	.....Olean.....	4 13	5 10
10 23	"	.....Weston's.....	3 58	"
10 31	"	.....Portville.....	3 47	"
10 40	"	.....State Line.....	3 37	"
10 53	"	.....Eldred.....	3 22	"
11 03	"	.....LARRABEE.....	3 12	"
11 09	"	.....Sartwell.....	3 04	"
11 14	"	.....Turtle Point.....	2 58	"
11 23	"	.....Port Allegany.....	2 45	"
11 48	"	.....Liberty.....

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S
LEADING
DRUG STORE OF THE COUNTY,

No. 1 Union Block, Smethport, Penna.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

Drugs, Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
PAINTS, OILS AND DYE STUFFS,
Soaps, Sponges, Brushes, Combs, Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils
AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY

WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CANDIES,
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ALL SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES and LIQUORS, Etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

Water Street, Smethport, Pa.

ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order.

M. A. SPRAGUE,

—DEALER IN—

Hardware,

SMETHPORT, PA.

THE FOLLOWING LIST COMPRISES SOME OF THE MANY ARTICLES CONSTANTLY ON HAND:

Cattle Leaders,	Grindstones,	Pumps,
Chains of all kinds,	Gun Nippies,	Plows,
Chalk Lines,	Hammers,	Rakes,
Chalk,	Hand Vises,	Razors,
Crayons,	Handles of all kinds,	Rivets,
Chisels of all kinds,	Hasps and Staples,	Ropes,
Clamps,	Hatchets,	Rules,
Cleavers,	Hay Knives,	Safety Fuse,
Clothes Lines,	Hinges of all kinds,	Sandpaper,
Clothes Wringers,	Hoes,	Saucepans,
Coffee Mills,	Hooks of all kinds,	Saws of all kinds,
Cutters,	Horse Pokes,	Scissors,
Dippers,	Horse Rakes,	Scoops — Coal and Grain,
Drills,	Horse Hoes,	Screwdrivers,
Files,	Iron of all kinds— Sad, Pinking, Waffle and Tuyere,	Screws,
Fishing Tackle,	Kettles,	Scythes,
Flour Sifters,	Keys,	Sheep Shears,
Forks,	Knives,	Shot,
Frying Pans,	Lamps,	Shovels,
Funnels,	Lanterns,	Sieves,
Gimlets,	Levels,	Spades,
Glass,	Locks,	Spoons,
Glue,	Mallets,	Squares,
Gouges,	Match Safes,	Stoves,
Grass Hooks,	Measuring Tapes,	Tacks,
Grass Scythes,	Meat Cutters,	Tea Kettles,
Grass Snaths,	Molasses Gates,	Tobacco Boxes,
Grass Rakes,	Mop Sticks,	Toe Calks,
Grass Forks,	Mouse Traps,	Tongs,
Grass Blades,	Mowing Machines,	Trowels,
Grass Nets,	Nails,	Tinware of all kinds,
Grass Seed,	Oils,	Vises,
Grass Whips,	Oilers,	Varnish,
Grease Cups,	Oil Stones,	Wad Cutters,
Gun Caps,	Picks,	Washers,
Gun Implements,	Picture Nails,	Whiffletree Hooks,
Gun Powder,	Planes,	White Lead,
Gun Shot,	Pulleys,	Wrenches, Monkey, Wheelbarrows, etc.

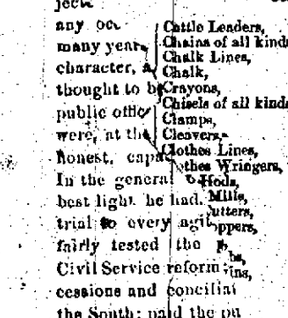
Grover & Baker S. M. Co.

ments, etc., on this machine.

INVENTIONS
BY ONE.

1st. A RAG OR PARLOR ORGAN CHAIR,

of fashionable finish,—made to support the back of the sitter in the ordinary position for playing, and by a simple movement, which gives it a backward and at the same time downward movement, follows his motions and supports him in any position without interfering in the least with the freedom of all movements.



2d. A PLATFORM ROCKER ON CASTORS, with the long easy movement of the old style, without the projecting rockers to mar other furniture and the bases of rooms; being, in fact, the only Platform Rocker made that has a perfectly satisfactory movement.

Manufactured for the trade by

ALBERT BEST & CO.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.,

And for sale by the principal dealers throughout the United States.

☞ If not kept by any dealer in your town, send to us for Price List and Catalogue.

THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER

Is the only paper published at the county seat, the oldest, leading and best paper in the county, one of the Pioneer Journals of Northern Pennsylvania. It is the Official paper of the county and the Republican Party. Its circulation is very large and steadily increasing, and is an Advertising Medium is hard to superior in the Northern Counties of this State.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Interesting Items from Home and Abroad.

A span of horses ran away in the Rural cemetery at Albany, N. Y., and one of the occupants of the carriage—Miss Lizzie Calhoun—was almost instantly killed in jumping out..... It is reported that Mukhtar Pasha has been dismissed from the command of the Turkish army in Asia..... A body of Basil-Bazonks crossed the Danube, captured fourteen Roumanian militiaman and cut off the calves of their legs. Advices received from St. Petersburg represent that the Turks reoccupied Ardahan after it had been reduced to ruins by the Russians.... Fifty additional removals, including four chiefs of divisions, have been made from the bureau of engraving and printing of the Treasury department at Washington..... A Catholic church in Wioschen, Grand Duchy of Posen, was struck by lightning during a Sunday service, and six persons were killed and about seventy injured more or less severely..... M. Alvergnat, a professor of French in a school in Hartford, Conn., died four weeks after having been bitten by a small dog..... In Lowell, Mass., Lucy A. Mink was found guilty of manslaughter for having shot her lover, Charles W. Bicker..... The suit of Sarah M. Rice against John T. Coolidge and others, for slander, was begun in Boston..... All the principals in the suit are well known in Boston..... The Hon. Elisha Watson, of South Kingston, R. I., drowned himself..... Two attempts—one with a bullet and the other with a knife—were made to assassinate J. R. Sullison, the correspondent of the New York *Herald*, at Salt Lake City, but each time the would-be murderer was foiled..... The eighteenth annual commencement exercises of the Cooper Union School of Science and Art took place in New York, Peter Cooper distributing the prizes..... A little girl's veil caught fire in a Catholic church in New York and a panic attended with serious results was only prevented by the presence of mind of the officiating priest and ushers.

Four passenger coaches belonging to an express train which ran off the track near Wyalusing, Pa., were crushed to splinters, and two of the passengers—married ladies—were instantly killed, and seventeen were injured, five of them mortally..... The working hours of the employees of the New York custom house have been increased, as recommended by the recent investigating committee..... The strong fortifications of Sofia, on which a thousand men were engaged, vigorously pushing them to completion, have been finished and mounted with Krupp guns of the heaviest caliber. A dispatch from Erzeroum reports that Karadagh had been bombarded by the Russians, the Turks returning the fire with much vigor..... A coal oil refinery in Baltimore was destroyed by fire for the fourth time, and a number of basement houses were badly damaged by the burning oil, which ran through the streets and gutters..... In a "rolling" mill in Lafayette, N. J., a bar of rod hot steel coiled about the legs of John Langdon, a workman, terribly burning him..... In May the public debt of the United States was reduced $6,981,000, the total reduction since July 1, 1876, being about $35,000,000..... General Grant and the Prince of Wales appeared together at the Epsom races in England..... John Logan declined the Chicago collectorship of customs..... Forest fires raging in Upper Michigan caused the destruction of the village of Oroia on Lake Superior. Every building except the church and schoolhouse was burned, and seven hundred persons were rendered homeless. A tugboat, laden with clothing and provisions, left Marquette to relieve the suffering people..... The village of New Centreville, in Pennsylvania, was destroyed by fire..... In Boston the suit of Mrs. Rice against Coolidge and others, for defamation of character, was taken from the jury after one day's trial, and given to three eminent lawyers for adjudication. This step was taken by mutual consent, as in an ex-parte trial a great many of the most prominent people of Boston would have been unpleasantly dragged into public notice.

A night watchman discovered an unknown person in the act of sawing through one of the main braces of a railroad bridge near Canton, Ill., for the evident purpose of wrecking a train. He was fired upon, but escaped..... Glenwood, a small village in Michigan, was destroyed by fire from a burning forest, the inhabitants being compelled to flee for their lives..... Rev. John M. Friday, pastor of the Lutheran church at Harper's Ferry, Va., was drowned in the canal near Frederick, Md..... George H. Wolff & Co., of New York and Cincinnati, dry goods jobbers, have failed, owing $450,000..... E. H. Taylor, proprietor of one of the largest distilleries in Kentucky, failed with liabilities exceeding $500,000, his assets being one-half that sum..... A body of Circassians at Bekli Ahmed, near Kars, was routed by the Russians, and the place was burned..... A dispatch says the Turks lack good commanders..... A party of roughs assaulted Officer Train in Manchester, N. H., overpowering and brutally beating him. At last he drew a revolver and shot into his assailants, mortally wounding William Ryan..... A large oil tank near Millerstown, Pa., was struck by lightning, and the flames communicating to other tanks, 32,000 barrels of oil were destroyed, together with several derricks, involving a loss of $85,000..... Four persons were drowned near Albany, N. Y., while bathing..... There are several hundred applications for vacant consulships on file in Washington..... There was a serious drought in Alabama, no rain having fallen in several weeks..... Edward Harrington, a New York saloon keeper, was struck on the head with a cart rung in the hands of Edward Otto, and soon died from the effects of the blow..... Anthony Gardner has been elected president of Liberia, Africa..... Sophia Fredericka Matilda, queen of Holland, died June 8, aged fifty-nine years..... A commission to examine the Philadelphia custom house has been appointed..... The jury in the Ellentown conspiracy cases in South Carolina acquitted one prisoner, and disagreed as to the other ten..... The Civil Service Reform Association was organized in New York..... While a tramp was stoning a train near Amsterdam, N. Y., he was struck by a locomotive going in an opposite direction and was instantly killed..... Mrs. Winslow and her daughter of sixteen were waylaid by three ruffians near Portage City, Wis., taken from the team which they were driving, and were brutally outraged and beaten seemingly beyond recovery..... Francis Murphy, the temperance reformer, addressed 300 liquor dealers and their families in Philadelphia. Seventeen other temperance meetings were held in Philadelphia on the same day, and it is estimated that over 1,000,000 people have signed the pledge since the Murphy movement was inaugurated.

Much excitement was caused among the working classes of Paris by the arrest of M. Duverdier, president of the municipal council, charged with "inciting Marshal McMahon and inciting a civil war and assassination."..... An attempt was made to wreck an express train on the Atlantic and San Francisco railroad, 154 miles from St. Louis. Rails were moved from the track and the engine and baggage car plunged down an embankment forty feet, causing the death of the engineer, fireman and another. The conductor was also fired upon in the darkness by the persons who had perpetrated the fiendish act, and whose ogdient design was to run the express train down the bank and plunder the passengers..... A terrible tornado swept across southern Illinois, destroying about twenty lives, and injuring from thirty to fifty persons. Buildings in the track of the storm were unroofed and overturned. At Mount Carmel the buildings destroyed were two churches, two schoolhouses, the court house and a number of stores and residences. In Mattoon one building was thrown into the street and turned upside down..... The American whaling schooner Ellen Rizpah was boarded by a Spanish cruiser while taking oil on the Keys, south of Cuba, and the captain's papers being deemed insufficient, he was detained four days in close confinement..... During a fight among a drunken crowd in a saloon in North Hudson, N. J., on a Saturday night, one man was fatally stabbed, another lost an eye, and several others were more or less dangerously stabbed and beaten..... An engagement took place between two English ships of war and a Peruvian rebel turret ship that had been committing piratical acts against British subjects. The Peruvian vessel was badly damaged, and surrendered..... The board of visitors for the annual examination of cadets met at West Point and organized..... A waterspout near Burlington, Iowa, caused considerable damage to foundries and machine shops..... The Danube has been more heavily swollen with rains this year than in the last thirty years, thus retarding all military operations, and making the passage of the river by the Russian troops a matter of extreme difficulty. A band of Circassians and Bashi-Bazouks crossed the Danube and made a raid within the Russian lines, capturing fifty head of cattle and taking a number of prisoners..... A wealthy physician—Dr. Israel Randolph—died suddenly in a horse car in New York..... The seventeen-year locusts filled the woods of New Jersey for miles.

The female poisoner, Lydia Sherman, who escaped from confinement in the Connecticut State prison, where she was serving a life imprisonment, was recaptured in Providence, R. I..... The annual convention of the International Typographical Union was held in Louisville, Ky. Detroit, Mich., was selected as the place for holding next year's convention..... A woman named Fannie Brown was arrested in St. Louis for vagrancy, and with her was a little girl named Masterson, who had been stolen in Philadelphia last April..... Count de Chaillo is said to have asserted that he [illegible] Russia's chances as steadily improving, owing to the extraordinary negligence and [illegible] foresight of the Turks. Desperate fighting had been going on in Montenegro between the [illegible] troops and the Turks, each side claiming victory..... Merchants and [illegible] Grand Rapids, Mich., held a large meeting in Nelson's [illegible] a young man named Olney, of Providence, committed suicide on board a Long Island [illegible] and steamer..... On June 5 the first ore [illegible] Black Hills met at Deadwood, grand jury in the territory were admitted [illegible] Forty-two attorneys were admitted [illegible] notice..... The Union Savings bank of [illegible] suspended, with the amount of [illegible] unknown. Although the stockholders [illegible] they are not entitled to pay the [illegible] of depositors amount to One Million [illegible] Dollars. They stand [illegible] entitled [illegible] the [illegible]

"What Everybody Says Must be True."

The incontrovertible testimony offered by those who have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription induced the doctor to sell it under a positive guarantee. Many ladies have refrained from using it on account of a general feeling of prejudice against advertised medicines. Let me ask a question. Are you prejudiced against sewing machines because you have seen them advertised? or can you doubt the ingenuity and skill required in their invention? Again, would you refuse to insure your house because the company advertised that it had paid millions in losses, and yet had a capital of several millions? Do such advertisements shake your confidence, and create prejudices? Then why refuse to credit the testimony of those who have found the Favorite Prescription to be all that is claimed for it in overcoming those ailments peculiar to your sex? Why submit to the use of harsh, and perhaps caustic treatment, thus aggravating your malady, when relief is guaranteed, and a positive, perfect and permanent cure has been effected in thousands of cases?

WARSAW STATION, Ill., October 24th, 1876.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—Allow me to extend my most sincere thanks to you for the great benefit my wife has received from the use of your Favorite Prescription. She suffered almost intolerably before using your medicine, and I had tried the skill of several physicians but to no purpose. Finally, I thought I would give the Favorite Prescription a trial, and she is now sound and well. Very gratefully yours,

D. A. HUSTER.

Dyspepsia—What It Is, and How to Cure It.

First the stomach don't work right, then comes bad feeling after eating, flatulency, headache, dullness and melancholy, sometimes nausea and vomiting. The liver soon becomes torpid, then biliousness, constipation or possibly diarrhœa, follows. Then comes the kidney affections, with pain in the back and more or less rheumatism or neuralgia; finally the nervous system becomes affected, aggravating all these and adding other symptoms, until it is all aches, pains, weakness, dullness, irritability, bad temper and a miserable feeling throughout. A simple, pleasant and cheap remedy for all this is Van Buskirk's Invigorant, only 50 cents. Druggists sell it. Van Buskirk & Co., proprietors, 18 Vesey St., New York.

Cheerfulness the Offspring of Health.

That exquisite state of the mind which is unruffled by trifling incidents, and looks on the sunny side of things in general, is the result of a healthful state of the brain and stomach. The dyspeptic and nervous invalid may—although this is rare indeed—feign cheerfulness, and may bear the harrassing symptoms which persecute him with an assumption of heroic indifference, but in reality he is the victim of despondency. To experience genuine cheerfulness of the mind, the stomach must recover its lost tone, the thinking organ its normal quietude. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are the best remedy for mental depression, since they overcome the nervous debility and indigestion which originate and foster it. Persons suffering from infirmities peculiarly incident to the decline of life, ladies in delicate health, and convalescents, derive solace and vigor from its use. Drive away the blues and revive the drooping energies with this grand stimulative tonic.

Delightfully Cool.

Travelers visiting New York during the extremely warm weather, who were fortunate enough to stop at, that superb among the best hotels, the Grand Central, speak in the highest praise of its wide, commodious halls, and spacious, airy chambers. It is said to be the coolest, as in other things the best, house in New York.

Please Bear It in Mind

that if your grocer does not have, and will not get, Dooley's Yeast Powder for you, you can send 20 cents for a quarter, 35 cents for half, or 60 cents for one pound can, direct to Dooley Brother, New York, and you will receive it by return of mail. Always use it for the delicious Vienna rolls.

Information worth thousands to those out of health. Self-help for weak and nervous sufferers. Facts for those who have been dosed, dragged and quacked. The new Health Journal teaches all. Copies free. Address, Electric Quarterly, New York.

Pond's Extract.

"The Vegetable Pain Destroyer." There is no pain or ache it will not abate, no bruise or burn it will not extract the agony from.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle	Native	10¾@	11½
	Texas and Cherokee	10 @	10¾
Milch Cows		55 00 @	55 00
Hogs:	Live	05½@	06½
	Dressed	08½@	09½
Sheep		06½@	08¼
Lambs		08 @	10¾
Cotton:	Middling	12½@	1-¾
Flour:	Western: Good to Choice	7 30 @	9 25
	State: Good to Choice	6 90 @	7 00
Wheat:	Red Western	1 60 @	1 65
	No. 2 Milwaukee	1 17½@	1 17½
Rye:	State	97½@	1 00
Barley:	State	62 @	63
Barley Malt		1 30 @	2 30
Oats:	Mixed Western	38 @	39
Corn:	Mixed Western	58 @	60
Hay, per cwt		70 @	75
Straw, per cwt		55 @	60
Hops	77½—10 @17	78	98 @ 10
Pork:	Mess	14 25 @	14 25
Lard:	City Steam		13¼@ 13¾
Fish:	Mackerel, No. 1, Nos. 1, 2	18 00 @	20 00
	" No. 2, new	8 50 @	9 00
	Dry Cod, per cwt	4 75 @	5 00
	Herring, Scaled, per box	15 @	17
Petroleum:	Crude	08 @8¾	Refined 14¾
Wool:	California Choice	23 @	26
	Texas Fleece	24 @	27
	Australian Fleece	43 @	48
Butter:	State	20 @	22
	Western: Choice	17 @	18
	Western: Good to Prime	11 @	17
	Western: Fair to Fine	13 @	16
Cheese:	State Factory	10 @	12
	State Skimmed	06 @	07
	Western	10¼@	10¾
Eggs:	State and Pennsylvania	15 @	16¾

BUFFALO.

Flour		7 50 @	9 00
Wheat:	No. 1 Milwaukee	1 15 @	1 25
Corn:	Mixed	52 @	52
Oats		31 @	31
Rye		98 @	98
Barley		93 @	95
Barley Malt		1 00 @	1 10

PHILADELPHIA.

Beef Cattle:	Extra	06¾@	07
Sheep		04¾@	05¾
Hogs:	Dressed	08½@	09¾
Flour:	Pennsylvania Extra	6 75 @	7 50
Wheat:	Red Western	1 23 @	1 25
	"	1 23 @	1 23
Corn:	Yellow	60 @	61
	Mixed	58 @	59
Oats:	Mixed	44 @	46
Petroleum:	Crude	10¾@10¾	Refined 14¾
Wool—Colorado		18 @	23
	Texas	18 @	25
	California	15 @	28

BOSTON.

Beef Cattle		05¾@	09¾
Sheep		05¾@	06¾
Hogs		07 @	09
Flour:	Wisconsin and Minnesota	6 87 @	7 00
	Spring Mixed	6 87 @	7 00
Oats		36 @	38
Wool—Ohio and Pennsylvania XX		46 @	48
	California Fall	16½@	25

BRIGHTON, MASS.

Beef Cattle		06 @	06¾
Sheep		04 @	05¾
Lambs		11¾@	12¾
Hogs		08½@	09¾

WATERTOWN, MASS.

Beef Cattle:	Four to Choice	5 75 @	8 5
Sheep		5 0 @	8 50
Lambs		9 75 @	6 75

REVOLVER $7 shot $3.00, 76 styles. *Ill. Cat. Free.* WESTERN GUN WORKS, Chicago, Ill.

SWARTHMORE College—For both sexes—under the care of Friends. All expenses covered by $184 a year. EDWD. H. MAGILL, A. M., Pres't, Swarthmore, Pa.

AGENTS' ADVERTISER—Full of solid information, indispensable to Agents. It is lively, bright, spicy, brimful of good things. Articles on the Art of Making Money, Secrets of Advertising, "How to Get Rich," and Instructions to Agents in each number. 25 cents a Year. Address, WM. KIMBALL, ... P. O. Box 3192, New York.

The Berkshire Hills Sand Springs.

GREYLOCK HALL,

WILLIAMSTOWN, MASS.

This beautiful and popular Summer resort will be open for the reception of guests June 10. Board from $10 to $15 per week. Gas and bells in every room. New and superior accommodations for private parties. Superior bathing. Send for circular.

W. H. WINNE, Proprietor.

MARVIN'S
FIRE & BURGLAR
SAFES
COUNTER PLATFORM WAGON & TRACK
SCALES
MARVIN SAFE & SCALE CO.
265 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Pittsburgh Manufactures at Wholesale Prices

Box containing Cream Jug, Covered Sugar Bowl, Spoon Holder, Covered Butter Dish, 12 Goblets, 6 eight-inch Oval Dishes, Water Pitcher, 2 seven-inch High Fruit Dishes, 12 Individual Sauce Dishes, 1 Cake Salver, all of good quality Glass, for the box..$2.00
Box containing 2 dozen half-pint Table and 2 dozen Tin Covered Jelly Tumblers..$2.40
Box containing 2 dozen Table and 2 dozen Uncovered Jelly Tumblers..$2.00

Window Glass, Box 50 ft	Best.	Second.	Third.
6 by 6 to 10 by 15	$2.75	$2.50	$2.25
12 by 14 to 16 by 24	3.50	3.00	2.75
18 by 22 to 20 by 30	4.00	3.75	3.50
13 by 26 to 24 by 30	4.50	4.00	3.75
	100 to 42	5 2 3	4 5 7
Nails, Keg of 100 lbs	$2.75	$3.00	$2.25

We will furnish any of above articles at prices stated, delivered on board cars or steamboats here. Cash must accompany the order. Send P. O. Order, Banker's Draft or Registered Letter. Reference, Any Bank in Pittsburgh. Address, HENRY H. VANCE, P. O. Box 268, Pittsburgh.

THE GOOD OLD STAND-BY.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

ESTABLISHED 35 YEARS. Always cures. Always ready. Always handy. Has never failed. Thirty millions have tested it. The whole world approves the glorious old Mustang—the Best and Cheapest Liniment in existence. 25 cents a bottle. The Mustang Liniment cures when nothing else will.

SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE VENDERS.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

KEEP'N SHIRTS—only one quality—The Best. All Keep'n Patent Ready-made Dress Shirts can be finished as easy as forming a Handkerchief. The very best, six for $7.00.

Keep'n Custom Shirts made to measure. The very best, six for $10.00.

An elegant set of genuine Gold-plate Collar and Sleeve Buttons given with each half doz. Keep'n Shirts. Keep'n Shirts are delivered FREE on receipt of price in any part of the United States, express charges to pay. Samples with full directions for self-measurement sent free to any address. No stamp required. Deal directly with the Manufacturer and get Bottom Prices. Keep Manufacturing Co., 105 Mercer St., N.Y.

THE SUN.

1877. NEW YORK. 1877.

THE SUN continues to be the strenuous advocate of reform and retrenchment, and of the substitution of statesmanship, wisdom, and integrity for hollow pretence, imbecility, and fraud in the administration of public affairs. It pretends for the government of the people by the people and for the people, as opposed to government by frauds in the ballot-box and in the counting of votes, sustained by military violence. It endeavors to supply its readers—a body now not far from a million of souls—with the most careful, complete, and trustworthy accounts of current events, and employs for this purpose a numerous and carefully selected staff of reporters and correspondents. Its reports from Washington, especially, are full, accurate, and fearless, and its exhibitions continues to deserve and enjoy the hatred of those who thrive by plundering the Treasury or by usurping what the law does not give them, while it endeavors to merit the confidence of the public by defending the rights of the people against the encroachments of unjustified power.

The price of the DAILY SUN is 52 cents a month, or $6.30 a year, post-paid; or, with the Sunday edition $7.60 a year.

The Sunday edition alone, eight pages, $1.20 a year, post-paid.

THE WEEKLY SUN, eight pages of 56 broad columns, is furnished at $1 a year, post-paid.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—In order to introduce THE SUN more widely to the public, we will send THE WEEKLY edition for the remainder of the year, to Jan. 1, 1878, post-paid, for *Half a Dollar*. Try it.

Address, THE SUN, N. Y. City.

DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY
DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY
DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY
DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY

ALMOST INVARIABLY YIELD TO THE

Tonic and Invigorating Effects

—OF THE—

Peruvian Syrup!
Peruvian Syrup!
—OR—
Protected Solution of Protoxide of Iron.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

WEST FAIRLEE, Vt., Jan. 11, 1877.

Dear Sir—For seven or eight years past I have been in poor health, and for the past year or more very feeble. My health continued to decline, and my flesh and strength wasted away, until I was unable to work or even go up stairs without great exhaustion. I suffered from frequent and distressing attacks of palpitation of the heart, my blood became impoverished, and pain in the stomach, and I suffered from extreme nervousness, constipation, and debility of the system generally. My blood being thin and poor, and disease in vitals. Indeed, I was for years suffering all the tortures of a confirmed dyspeptic. About six months since I consulted, and I would try a bottle of PERUVIAN SYRUP, and received so much benefit from it that I purchased five bottles more, and have continued the use of the Syrup until quite recently. It has restored my health so good an extent that I feel myself as good as new. My digestion is good, and my weight has increased in the past four months from 120 to 138 pounds; my strength has returned, and my general health is thus wonderfully improved, and I can truly say I owe it all to the use of your PERUVIAN SYRUP. I earnestly recommend all sufferers from dyspepsia and debility to give it a trial, hoping it will do them as much good as it has me.

Yours very truly,

MRS. S. S. BEMIS.

Peruvian Syrup!
Peruvian Syrup!

From a Merchant.

SOUTH SEABROOK, Me., Sept. 9, 1876.

Dear Sir—It gives me very great pleasure to inform you of the benefit received from the use of PERUVIAN SYRUP in my own family. My wife, for the past few years, has been in feeble health—very much debilitated generally. Last spring she concluded to try a bottle of PERUVIAN SYRUP, and was so well pleased with the result combined its use until three or four bottles had been used, and she is in better health than at any time for ten years, and has increased in weight from 110 pounds to 125½. I have employed physicians, and used a great variety of patent medicines, to the extent of hundreds of dollars, and I know she received more benefit from the PERUVIAN SYRUP than all the rest together.

My sales on the Syrup are very large and constantly increasing, and I do not hesitate to recommend and even warrant it to give satisfaction. If you desire, you are at liberty to use this communication as you see fit, as it gives me pleasure to recommend so good an article to suffering humanity. Yours truly,

ITHIEL PEASE.

Peruvian Syrup!
Peruvian Syrup!

RESTORED TO COMPLETE HEALTH.

BRISTOL, Me., Sept. 2, 1876.

Dear Sir—From early youth I was in feeble health troubled with humor in my blood, weakness and debility of the system generally; was unable to labor much, and only at some light business, and then only with great caution.

Seven years ago the past spring, I had a severe attack of Diphtheria, which left my limbs paralyzed and useless, so I was unable to walk or even to sit up. Noticing the advertisement of PERUVIAN SYRUP, I concluded to give it a trial, and to my great joy soon found my health improving. I continued the use of the Syrup until three bottles had been used, and was restored to complete health, and have remained so to this day.

I attribute my present health entirely to the use of PERUVIAN SYRUP, and hold it in high estimation. I cannot speak too highly in its praise. I have in several cases recommended it in cases very similar to my own with the same good results. Yours truly,

CHARLES E. EARLY.

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NATURE'S REMEDY.
VEGETINE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Rev. J. P. LUDLOW WRITES:

178 BALTIC STREET BROOKLYN, N. Y.,
Nov. 14, 1876.

H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.:

Dear Sir—From personal benefit received by its use, as well as from personal knowledge of those whose cures there by have seemed almost miraculous, I can most heartily and sincerely recommend the VEGETINE for the complaints which it is claimed to cure. JAMES P. LUDLOW,
Late Pastor Calvary Baptist Church,
Sacramento, Cal.

NATURE'S REMEDY.
VEGETINE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

SHE RESTS WELL.

SOUTH POLAND, Me., Oct. 11, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have been sick two years with the Liver complaint, and during that time have taken a great many different medicines, but none of them did me any good. I was restless nights, and had no appetite. Since taking the VEGETINE I rest well, relish my food. Can recommend the VEGETINE as what it has done for me. Yours respectfully,

Witness of the above: MRS. ALBERT RICH.
MR. GEORGE M. VAUGHAN,
Medford, Mass.

NATURE'S REMEDY.
VEGETINE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Rev. O. T. WALKER SAYS:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 164 TRANSIT STREET.

H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.:

I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your VEGETINE. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating restorating tonic.

O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor Bowdoin-square Church,
Boston.

NATURE'S REMEDY.
VEGETINE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

NOTHING EQUAL TO IT.

SOUTH SALEM, MASS., Nov. 14, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have been troubled with Scrofula, Canker, and Liver complaint for three years. Nothing ever did me any good until I commenced using the VEGETINE. I am now getting along first-rate, and still using the VEGETINE. I consider there is nothing equal to it for such complaints. Can heartily recommend it to everybody.

Yours truly, MRS. LIZZIE M. PACKARD,
No. 16 Lagrange St., South Salem, Mass.

NATURE'S REMEDY.
VEGETINE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

GOOD FOR THE CHILDREN

BOSTON HOME, 14 TYLER STREET,
BOSTON, April, 1876.

H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—We feel that the children in our home have been greatly benefited by the VEGETINE you have so kindly given us from time to time, especially those troubled with the Scrofula.

With respect,
MRS. N. WORMELL, Matron.

VEGETINE
Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

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